

Willowbrook State School youngsters ride to lunch through the new \$1.2 million intensive therapy center. Seconding them are, from the left, Mrs. Mary Harris, Mrs. Margaret Bilyck, head nurse in charge of remaining them and Miss Margaret Samuelsen.

## are now a little brighter There school and life

white curved roof.

By MAXINE SITS

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"Intensive therapy center for infants" at Willowbrook State School.

Costing \$1.2 million, and filled with over \$100,000 worth of equipment, the learning center 2 years of age progressed far enthusiasm and dedication of the state of the angle one of the kind at shead of what personnel had the personnel who train the is the only one of its kind at ahead of what personnel had the personnel who train the

400 children with an assortment of mental and physical handicaps are based at the new therapy building, proud-ly named a "high school" by veteran students.

Learning is a slow process in of laughter, talking and child-brook personnel were training the new center. "If there's a preschoolers in closets, re-ception rooms and hallways, in months in a 12-month period, any building where they could that's real progress," remarked

Two large skylighted recrea tion rooms — their walls and windows lined with colorful animal pictures-are filled with bouncing, somersaulting, ballthrowing boys and girls.

A circle of child-size chairssteps-a large activity matseveral balls and action toys are in use in each room.

Recreation includes singing, marching, finger games, all types of activities to "get kids moving and use up energy," noted one therapist.

In some 16 "education" rooms, each lighted by sky-lights, a preschool-kindergarten program is followed. Kids learn to communicate, to coordinate their hands through coloring and cutting.

occupational therapy, housed in 10 more rooms, they learn coordination and dexterity, through an individual pro-gram worked out by a physic-ian and occupational therapist.

Two soundproofed rooms are used for speech and hearing difficulties, and intensive work is done with the blind as well.

A physical therapy department has eight rooms of equipment where both active and passive exercises make the children more mobile. About half the 400 children at the center have some physical handicap.

Qualified personnel, in the form of occupational, recrea-tional and physical therapists, nurses, teachers, physicians and psychiatrists, staff the center.

But the work being done there is being expanded to each children's building at Willowbrook, through ward and nursing personnel.

In an unusual move, Hammond has brought attendants and nurses from other buildings to the new center, to help with the programs and to learn themselves about new education techniques. The ward personnel, after several weeks, return to the other buildings, taking with them training skills.

They then work with youngsters not yet involved in the program as "motiva-tors," which means a combination parent - nursery school teacher. Such work is often being done on a one-toone ratio.

"We're making kids more responsive to their environ-ment—to adults and to their peers," explained Hammond.

"These kids would just sit there-dull, not aware of their surroundings, not even aware of themselves. Now, you find them laughing and talking, runing to the doorway to greet you when you come to their rooms."

Although completed in October, after a short 14 months of construction, the therapy center has still not had a cornerstone - laying ceremony



Hand coordination is taught by Miss Ann Parisi, during an education session





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