



The Learning Town Press

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Staten Island Community College

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3-Year B.A.

Hearings Set

Plans for the institution of a three year Baccalaureate Program which will enable students to earn a B.A. in

will enable students to earn a B.A. in three years have finally reached completion. The faculty committee involved in the planning of the new program for SICC will present their report in a public session in the Auditorium on March 27 during Club

Hours, during which time any questions

Members of the Committee are Luther Carpenter (History), Bruce Chandler (Mathematics), Jesse Gilmer

(Administration), Virginia Hauer (Internships), John Shawcross (Chairperson, English), and Steven Zwerling (Circle '73). The text of the report is as follows:

THE BACCALAUREATE PROGRAM AT STATEN ISLAND COMMUNITY

COLLEGE The following program of study at Staten Island Community College will culminate in the conferring of a Bachelor of Arts or a Bachelor of Science degree, depending on the ratio of humanistic-social or scientific-mathematical-technical educational experience in a student's individual program. For a student following the full program in a continuous pattern, the length is 110 weeks, not counting intersessions. The full program will take a minimum of 131 calendar weeks (that is, 110 weeks of educational ex-perience and 21 weeks of interim periods). The work constituting the 110 basic weeks of the program is to be completed for graduation certification,

completed for graduation certification,

however, within five calendar years commencing with the student's first

entry into the program (i.e., within 260

consecutive weeks).

may be put to the group.

SYNOPSIS OF

COLLEGE

NON PROFIT ORGANIZATION

CUNY Study Rebuts Charges "Revolving Door" Admission "Stop-outs", CUNY Transfers

Jump Retention Figures 17.6%

7 of 10 Students Retained, **Compares Well Nationally**

Higher Education Chairman, Alfred A. Giardino, has proudly announced the campuses. The new report includes results of a February 1974 study, "Student Retention Under Open Ad-missions at the City University of New out" or broken up their academic York: September 1970 Enrollments chronology and then returned to CUNY Followed Through Four Semesters," that is likely to provide the fodder for a renewed assault on detractors of Open Admissions. Following the lead of earlier studies which had determined that less than half of a 1968 student group studied graduated within four per cent. years, but 70 per cent graduated within

Recently assuming chairmanship of a Board of Higher Education faced with seven years (Max, Pearl, How Many Graduate, CUNY 1968) and showed diminishing state support, the threat of that, among the 1970 freshmen, about a tuition being imposed, and accusations third of those who left after their first by various political factions that Open semester had returned for the third Admissions has been a failure (in-(David E. Lavin and Barbara Jacobson cluding recent broadsides from the three semester study, 1973), Lehman Professional Staff Congress), Giardino College's Lavin teamed up with Richard Silberstein of CUNY to took obvious pleasure in his claim that, "this study demonstrates that predictions of open admissions becoming a 'revolving door' with very high dropout rates have not come true. produce the current four semester track record of Open Admissions' first freshmen class

Key to the dramatic figures that The data also provides clear evidence indicate 7 of 10 students (69.5 per cent) of a genuine thirst for higher education in the 1970 freshman class were still in among New York City high school CUNY four semesters later were the graduates and the wisdom of our predecessors in launching open adprocedural changes Lavin and predecess Silberstein made in "tracking" their data. As explained in the full report, Giarding

Giardino also made note of the adthere are four weaknesses in the usual verse conditions that prevailed for the system of tracking done through the first open admissions class, "We must Registrar's office of each college: take into account the terrible over-1. students who transfer to another crowding of students and faculty in CUNY unit or other college are not September 1970 when 18,000 additional

With a major breakthrough in session at a given college are not remedial task confronting them. To CUNY's computerized student counted and 4. students who leave and approach a 70 percent retention rate in "tracking" machinery, new Board of then return to their initial college may the face of those conditions is to attest to the dedication of the university's not be included in all cases on all faculty and the seriousness of purpose students who have transferred within among most of those students who theretofore would not have been admitted to college.

Elaborating on the peculiar cir-cumstances of CUNY's Open Ad-Even without the benefit of including students who transferred out of CUNY missions program, Giardino noted at some point, or switched to evening sessions, the changeover in procedures several factors he claimed would be incorporated into the Board's analysis for conducting the computer study brought CUNY's retention rate up 17.6 of the Lavin-Silberstein report, they include

— the impact of insufficient and inadequate physical facilities upon academic performance, conditions now receiving top priority attention from CUNY's administration, according to Giardino;

— the comparatively low socioeconomic status of City University students and the fact that the historic pattern for such students-demanding a combination of work and studyyields a higher percentage of students who require six or seven years to earn a baccalaureate degree;

- the increase in student mobility nationally and the rise in the "stop out" phoenomenon during the past five vears

"The most encouraging aspect of Dr. Lavin's report," Mr. Giardino said, "is its clear identification of the very substantial percentage of students who were still in college after four semesters and who would never have had the opportunity to enroll in higher education had it not heen for one



photo by Dale Prusinowski

Authors' Panel: **Vonnegut Calls for Artists' Financial Protection Program**

by John Signoriello

As for recording the history of their century, Vonnegut said that the "Artists should subsidize the art-...donate one-tenth of anything they photographers ended up doing it better anyway. "I remember seeing in-credible World War I photographs of make over \$100,000 per year...to build theatres and buy bread for hungry bodies in trenches and huge guns squatting in the mud," he said. "I don't Kurt Vonnegut made that proposal at

SICC recently during an enjoyable event billed as "An Evening with the Authors." The affair was sponsored by the Staten Island Building Blocks School, a progressive, non-sectarian, Montessori-type school in need of money to expand operations.

artists.

Vonnegut was joined on-stage in the SICC auditorium by L. T. Davis, critic and author of "Cowboys Don't Cry," Sam Toperoff, a teacher and author of

"The Porcupine Man," and Joan Daniels, author of "And Jill Came

Tumbling After," a study of male chauvinism in children's literature.

Their moderator was Walter Miller,

poet, critic, translator. Their topic: The

the delicate trap of narcissistic prose,

"But don't there have to be a group of pure experimenters?" Miller asked.

Of course," Davis conceded, "We

even need some of them tinkering with

experimental fiction is good.'

Writer's Responsibility.

"More children's books of a different xind," said Daniels. "The most expendable characters in children's iterature are women — they are mostly cast as grandmothers and witches. Children's literature faults on other counts. There is tremendous think any European artist at the time standardization, rehashing of plots, and could have portrayed the war that powerfully." concern for commercialism. Since books on little boys sell, that's what little girls get to read. Maybe we should Sam Miller, moderator, took adlet some children write children's vantage of a pause and asked Joan Daniels what is needed to correct

continued on page 6

financing makes provision for the usual budget proposals and fiscal reports.

Requirements for the Baccalaureate degree at Staten Island Community College are 122 credits, construed as follows: Development Seminar IA, IB continued on page 7

mulates that be made available "in amounts equal to one-third the amounts expended and

certified by the mayor of the city of New York..."

The one-third figure, however, rises

to two-fifths of the total budget "for

a program of full opportunity, provided

such program has been approved by the

board." As the program of full op-

portunity is defined in the bill, it is

basically the Open Admissions

program as it exists at present. The

program is required to "establish a

policy of offering acceptance in an

appropriate program of the community

college to all applicants residing in the

area who graduated from high school

Furthermore, the program must

'provide for adequate programs of

remediation, instruction and coun-

course, is open to interpretation, and is

within the prior year, etc.

counted as retained 2. students who freshmen were crammed into leave and then return to CUNY or other university campuses. There was only colleges are not counted 3. students who limited time to prepare faculty and transfer from day session to evening staff for the enormous additional and

Law Conference Covers **Minority Job Options**

by Fred Armentrout

Calling it a "pale and male" major impact on the future entrance profession, Ms Cathy Douglas, wife of for defense of current minority Supreme Court Justice William O. enrollment programs which are Douglas, opened the first SICC Minority threatened by its outcome.

Law Careers Conference with the claim Accoring to her description, the that law schools, to be understood, must DeFunis affair involves a suit filed by a be viewed as primarily created to white student refused entry to law preserve the social inequities of the school despite successful scores on the creation of quotas to guarantee standard LSAT (Law School Entrance minority access to education status quo.

"Law schools are not set up to teach you how to change anything. They schools nationwide, the college he teach you how to keep General Motors applied to uses a special minority Republic of China, though its minority and the other institutions of society enrollment screening committee which population is only about 4 percent, has going. They teach case decisions and de-emphasizes test scores and focuses created special programs. She exthe maintenance of precedents. No one on student life experience, grade im- blained the criteria of university entry

wants to pay you to change the system," she argued before a citywide group of students, law and government officials assembled for the Saturday conference(March 16).

Douglas had joined Judge Bruce Wright and Special Assistant to the Mayor Joe Erazo (both part-time faculty members in SICC's burgeoning pre-law program under the directorship of Virginia Hauer), at the podium to provide opening remarks for the all day series of seven workshops that followed. Workshop panels of law students, law school administrators and professors, and practicing attorneys met in colloquims covering "Law Careers-What to do after you pass the Bar, Law School Admissions and Financial Aid, Women, Blacks, and Puerto Rican and Other.'

Particularly concerned with the DeFunis case, now pending Supreme Court decision, Ms. Douglas argued that "people will no longer respond to leaders whom they know will not serve their interests" and that the demand for participation by minority groups is "a worldwide phenomenon" that can no longer be denied. To support her claim that minority participation in the lega profession was virtually non-existent she cited figures from a 1973 study which indicated that of 106,000 law students at the time, 7600 were minority members and just above 16,000 were women, adding, "the study did not indicate how many women were of category they were counted under."

Ms. Douglas, a graduate of American University and practicing attorney with argued that the law forbids states the Institute for Public Interest Representation (a Ford Foundation that, in effect, monorities are receiving sponsored entity by which, she claimed, preferential treatment. she is "paid to sue the federal government" in the public interest), warned the need to intergrate minority groups that the DeFunis decision would have a linto the mainstream of social

admissions at City University." Highlights of the report, which in

cludes results by individual colleges and students of different high school averages, include: continued on page 6

decisionmaking, Douglas cited similar case in an Indian constitutional decision. She claimed the 1949 version of the Indian constitution had taken into account the necessity to break down the "caste" system and made "exceptions" to its equal protection clause to provide incentives for employment and voting rights of tribes, castes and other minorities. In a 1951 constitutional challenge, a Brahmin (the top of India's caste pecking order) had

scored higher than a minority person on a university entrance exam and had not been admitted. The case led to a 1954

altered states of consciousness echniques. Miller tried to get Vonnegut involved, mentioning that Vonnegut had once said that traditional plots in fiction dispose of characters like Kleenex. Vonnegut chose to address himself to the topic of experimental fiction: Writers wanted to do what artists did, become Dadaists and Cubists. But they all failed because the readers didn't exist.

He likened their attempts to Beethoven's composing French horn pieces so esoteric no musicians could play them, something Beethoven did indeed do at one point in his career.

"There are so few skilled readers," he said. "But you have to expect that. A reader has to pick symbols off a page at high speed...imagine settings and costumes. I write conventionally because people read conventionally." Sam Toporoff returned the discussion to the announced topic, the writer's responsibility:

"If you live in the same century as Camus and Sartre, and all you produce is blue dots or seven hard lines on a canvas, you may produce fine art - but it is essentially an irresponsible act." Writers and artists ought to demystify their art, he said-tell the world what it is they do.

"Writing fiction is a lot like baking bread," he said, waxing domestic. (Sam Toporoff is a bread baker, not by profession, by predilection.) "When I started I was awful, but I got better.' He ended by concluding that both baking bread and writing fiction are 'essentially processes.'

"One nice thing about writing," Kurt Vonnegut said, "is that most of the writers I've met aren't really very bright. The one smart writer we have -Gore Vidal - nobody can stand.'

Vonnegut returned to experimental painting and fiction. "One thing to remember about the experimental painters, especially the Cubists," he said, "is that they were reacting to technology-to photography."

Marchi Bill Cuts Comm. **Colleges From State**

stories.

by Sally Johnson

abuses in the field of children's

literature.

Moving to head off possible attempts L. J. Davis began by discussing the limits of experimental fiction. "Too many artists practicing the art fall into by the Albany government to set tuition and end Open Admissions, State Senator John J. Marchi last month he said, "which makes their fiction introduced into the Senate a bill merely an exercise in self-congratulation. Too often all it involves designed to return control of the CUNY system to the Board of Higher is the writer waving to himself from Education. every page, which is the reason so little

Co-authored by Senator Jeremiah Bloom, the bill is designed to remove CUNY schools from the jurisdiction of present State budget allocation formulae which, if adhered to, could cut community college monies by as much as \$11.1 million in the next fiscal year. Instead, the Senators, as well as Assembly sponsors Constance Cook and Burton Hecht, would have the State contribute its 40 percent support of the City University in an outright grant to the BHE.

Chancellor Kibbee and other members of the Board have long complained that the current budget formula based on dollars per student per credit in effect discriminates against New York City schools because it does not take into account any peculiarities of urban life any more than it gives consideration to the fact that the cost-of-living is much higher in the city. Some observers in fact believe that the State budget squeeze on community colleges was ultimately designed to force those colleges to charge tuition and put a de facto end to the Open Admissions policy in New York City.

In order to insure that this does not come to pass, the Marchi bill (with due credit to the other sponsors) broadly defines the role of the BHE with respect

to the administration of CUNY: "The control of the educational work of the city university shall rest solely in the board which shall administer all educational units of the city university." The re-written education law further affords to the board "the power to determine in its discretion whether tuition shall be charged and to regulate tuition..." The BHE, however, has long expressed its support of free

tuition and the Open Admissions policy. Another new provision in the old law empowers the board to "impose and collect charges for student government and other student activities, and receive and expend them as agent or trustee." This may have important consequences in light of recent student government moves to exercise more direct control of their own budgetary funds.

But the most immediate and farreaching effects are sure to come from section sixty-two hundred fifteen which is entitled "City university of New York budget process." Marchi and the other sponsors have proposed a separation of

the senior and community college each community college at which there budgets:"For each city fiscal year, the is being implemented, during that year, chancellor of the city university shall prepare a proposed operating budget for all approved programs and services of the senior colleges, and a proposed operating budget for all approved programs and services of the community colleges."

As it stands now, community colleges and senior colleges alike are funded from the State with money which filters lown through the City of New York and then to the CUNY system. In addition, the community colleges receive the 40 percent allocation which comes from he State through the state university (SUNY)-thus, SUNY did have some selling to meet the needs of all students measure of control over the community to be served by the college." The colleges. Prior to 1971, the 40 percent concept of adequate programs, of was in the form of an outright allocation, but in 1971, former former likely to receive a wide variety of in-Governor Rockefeller established a

terpretations according to the political budget formula (see 2-27 issue) which climate of the moment. The other major, and largely un-defined provision of the section inheoretically equalized the distribution of State education funds, and which in fact served to penalize New York City volving community colleges, is in the according to the BHE.

ccording to the BHE. form of a quasi-accruals rate What the Marchi bill essentially stipulation which is a potential thorn in proposes is that the State return to the the side of community college adpre-1971 set-up which would remove ministrators. "In the event that the UNY community colleges from the amount of the state aid paid to the city urisdiction of the State formula. of New York in such completed fiscal However, contingent upon that is a year for the purposes of this paragraph clause which provides for the establish- was in excess of the audited sum of all ment of a new formula by the BHE by moneys set forth in such financial December 31 of this year: "By statement. the comptroller shall December thirty-first, nineteen hun- withhold the amount of such excess dred seventy-four, the board shall from the next state aid payment."

levelop a new formula for the financing While this does not specifically define of the operating costs of community an accruals rate percentage, it is based colleges." This new formula would upon the same premise that the city supposedly go before the Legislature in uses in determining its accruals ratethe premise that those who do not spend

The major thrust of the Marchi the money this year, will not need it oudgeting proposal, however, is to re- next year and therefore will not get it issert support for Open Admissions and next year. The import of this provision free tuition in the CUNY system in the face of ever-increasing budgetary pressures. The section concerned directly with community college for at least that amount in the next.

DSG Special Elections

In a second round of special elections to fill seats vacated by graduation or drop from Day Session Senate participation, the DSG is hold ing a special election.

Voting is now taking place in the C building Information Booth from 10 to 4 daily. Offices vacant are Senate seats from Liberal Arts Science and Non-Science, Child Care and Mech Technology. Voting closes March 29th.

and having served two years in an agricultural commune or factory after of the Fourteenth Amendment to the high school." According to Douglas, they can be married and the work minority background nor which clause used to defeat State supported requirements are less stiff for China's segregation in the Southern United minority members. She added that women have become active in China as well, "The Chinese Revolutionary Committee is almost all men. There are about 20 percent women, and they are Noting a cognizance, worldwide, of

continued on page 5

photo by Randy Mc Grath

Assisting in the assault on what Cathy Douglas termed "a pale and male profession" were Judge Bruce Wright, (center), Mayor's Assistant Joseph Erazo (left).

provement and the like for determining, as "the correct party line; not married minority entry.

Using the "equal protection" clause Constitution (ironically, the same States), attorneys for DeFunis have making "discriminatory laws," and

currently struggling for equal representation within the Party." Closing her remarks, Douglas Page 2

The News Ferry

Tuesday, March 26, 1974

Soviet Jewry Keynotes JCU Purim Festive "These are a people," Ellstein went Russia, they take their belongings with by Fred Armentrout

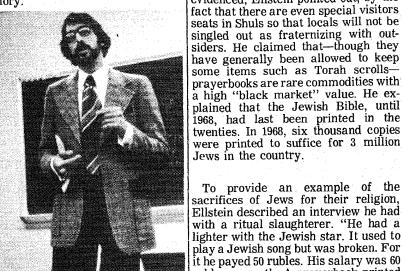
Soviet Jewry depicted by the party's memory." featured speaker, Allen Ellstein. Ellstein, as a representative of the Greater New York Council for Soviet Jewry, discussed his recent visit to the Georgian Republic of the USSR and compared the situation of the rural

Russian Jew to his urban counterpart. The Georgian Republic, which borders Turkey, is unlike urban areas such as Moscow in every way save one, according to Ellstein; the one similarity being the desire of its Jewish populace to emigrate to the U.S. or Israel: "Despite the relative tolerance of the Georgian nationals and security of Georgian Jews, over half of the community has emigrated to Israel,' he claimed

Explaining the difference between the Jewish communities of rural Georgia and urban Jews of Russia, Ellstein pointed out that Georgian Jews are largely Asian or Oriental; that their peasant stock relies on strong religious ties; that, not being from the Russian intelligentsia, the State has subjected them to less persecution in general; and that they retain a strong community and ethnic awareness which is partially possible because Georgian nationals are generally less anti-semitic than Ukrainian nationals centered in European Russia.

To provide an example of the solidarity prevalent in the Georgian Jewish community, Ellstein described the reaction of the populace to Stalin's synagogue closing program in the 30's: "They simply would not let the State close their Shuls. When the day came for the ceremonious closings, whole families layed down in the streets in front of the State trucks. There were some 2,000 Shuls before the Stalinist closings; There are about 60 open today...and 30 of them are in the Georgian area.

"Haman's Hats" were not the only commemoration of anti-semitism at the recent "Purim Party", designed to launch a Jewish Cultural Union on campus. Less tasteful than the com-memorative pastries was the plight of Soviet Lawry deniated by the party's



Allen Ellstein, representative

from Greater New York Council on Soviet Jewry

cemetery in Levov. They are building a shopping center on it. Ten days ago 70 The combination of communal people planned to present a petition to strength and low priority on the State's the Minister of the Interior. They were value scale, as compared to urban arrested the same day, before it could intelligentsia, have created vast dif- be presented, for 'intent' to protest. ferences between the groups, according Many who protest are sent to what is to Ellstein. "In the Ukraine there is no called a 'sobering up' station. It is used Kosher meat, no circumcision, no Bar for drunk and disorderly conduct. It is Mitzvahs and the youngest people you find in a Shul are 50 years old...the rest are afraid to come. In Georgia people continue to arrest those who protest. were proud to take us into their home. There is a quota of 'sobering up' station Young people came to Shul even visits, after that you are sent for though, in many cases, they do not know Hebrew. Georgics are free to get visas anytime and, when they leave

Jews in the country.

lighter with the Jewish star. It used to

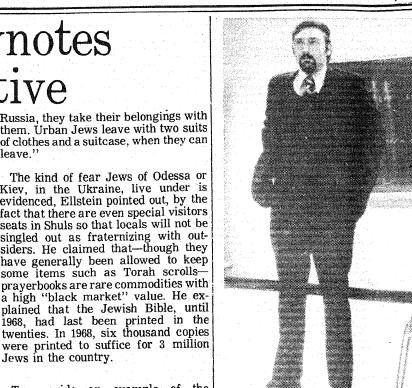
earns about 120 rubles a month.'

Ellstein concluded his presentation

with what he considers the most typical

example of the Russian State's attitude

toward Jews. "They have desecrated a



To provide an example of the acrifices of Jews for their religion, David Schnall, organizer of SICC's Ellstein described an interview he had Jewish Cultural Union. with a ritual slaughterer. "He had a

As an example of the Soviet attitude towards Jews desirous of emigration, Ellstein cited the case of Marin Temkin. She is the fifteen-year-old rubles a month. A prayerbook printed in Israel brings about 450 rubles. A relatively well-paid engineer in Russia daughter of a man who had applied for

Summer Jobs

In Europe Luxembourg (Europe) - Students interested in going to Europe this spring or summer can earn back most or all of their trip cost by taking a summer job in Europe. Paying jobs are available in resorts, hotels, restaurants and snack bars in Switzerland, Austria, France, Germany and England. A few weeks on the job earns back the air fare, a few more weeks work earns ample money for traveling around Europe - especially if travel is by

Standard wages are paid, but the big saver is the free room and board provided with each job and arranged in advance by the Student Oversea Services. SOS fills the jobs on a non-profit, first come, first served basis as it has done for the past 16 years.

bicycle

Students are also taking to the roads on bicycles in Europe as a means of beating both the energy and money crisis. Under a new arrangement students can bicycle around Europe Overseas Services, Box 5173, Santa with a new European bike that they can Barbara, Calif. 93108; or to SOS put on the plane and take home with Placement, 22 Ave. de la Liberte, them. SOS has arranged bike tours for Luxembourg - Europe.



perience in itself.

emigration papers. According to Ellstein, her father's price of emigration was to have the KGB (Russian Secret Police) kidnap the daughter so she could not join her father. They then agreed to let the father go. Closing his talk, Ellstein Refunded asked parties interested in helping the

by Fred Moynihan

A program instituted in December 1971, funded through local state, and federal funds to provide industry related courses for the unskilled has blossomed into a full-time venture at

Purim, according to Jewish Cultural Union organizer, David Schnall, S.I.C.C. Prof. John Antonopoulos. coordinator of the program, has been celebrates the story of Jewish overwhelmed with the response of deliverance in the Book of Esther companies such as Con Edison to this Haman was a persian tyrant intent educational phenomonon. upon the destruction of the Jews, who In March of 1972, a pilot program entitled Manpower Training 20, serwere saved by Esther on the day their execution was to take place. Haman's viced twenty-nine students and con-Hat (Haman Taschen) are shaped and named for the three-cornered hat the

Council on Soviet Jewry to contact Bernard Kaplan, the Staten Island

representative, and join upcoming

protests for Henry Kissinger's April trip and President Nixon's scheduled

June trip to Russia.

sisted of only one three-credit course. Since then, Con Edison has worked 450B.C.figure wore. In addition to the recent Purim party, which featured traditional songs as well as the Ellstein jointly with S.I.C.C. to institute programs and curriculum designed to develop the potential of its employees talk, Schnall plans a model Passover who were already familiar with the the Wednesday before Easter Week and, in late April or early May, a special program on "Yom Shoa" or the "day of the holocaust," com-memorating the torture and death of mechanical aspects of industry and interested in building industrial management skills.

The departments of Mechanical over 6 million Jews under Nazi Germany. The newly formed Jewish Cultural Union is open to non-Jews and tonopoulos) and Electrical Technology (chaired by Dr. Nathan Weiner) offer all members of the SICC community.

groups, or individual bikers who wan Women's Day only a new bike, a map, and a 'Survival

In honor of this year's March 8 In-"But no matter what the reason for ternational Women's Day (celebrated at going to Europe - exploring, studying, SICC on March 7), Beverly Grant and working -," advised John Carodine her Women's Band turned up in the Stu-SOS Placement Officer, at a recent University of Miami meeting, dent Lounge to play feminist songsfor "Students should immediately sign up for their school charter flight in order to a sizeable audience. As it happened, the rest of the band was male to the surprise sidestep increasing air fares." Students of some, but the disappointment of can also sign up with a neighboring

none once they began to play. school charter, or any local civic group, Judy Clark, a member of the group museum or town group sponsoring a called "Midnight Special" which works charter flight to Europe. "This is the charter light to Europe. "This is the cheapest way to fly to Europe," em-phasized Carodine, "and students should take advantage of it." SOS does with prisoners and convicts, next addressed the topic of women in history, a subject which has yet to be incorpornot operate charter flights. Students ated into the average curriculum. On should look into all local charter an international level, she spoke of the possibilities because, once in Europe, i complaints and problems of women will be easier to earn back the trip cost throughout the world who haven't evby taking a paying job - a unique exen come close to attaining the freedoms which American women now demand Interested students may obtain apas inalienable rights. plication forms, job listings and descriptions, and the SOS handbook on

For those women who are now ocked up in prisons all over the world earning their way in Europe by sending for political and other reasons, she extheir name, address, name o pressed solidarity with them, saying, educational institution and \$1 (for postage, printing, handling and ad-'We give voice to those women who dressing only) to either SOS - Student are struggling around the world."

EYE/FLY

There I stood across the room in Instantime My eye caught sight of a fly of no ordinary proportions For he had depth and breadth and compassion. This fly was big! He hungered for my sensitivity, my understanding, my blood. And as he flew over to smile

an Industrial Management Sequence through which Con Edison employees may obtain an A.A.S. degree over a three year period. Instructors

representing various departments of the college conduct classes at different Con Edison training facilities in the metropolitan area as well as special laboratory sessions within the college itself. At present, over 300 Con Ed employees are enrolled in the program and taking course from "Industrial Organization And Management" to Labor Economics".

Prof. Antonopoulos points out the fact that part of the success of the program is due to the age of the students (most are over 30), having the benefit of years of industrial experience as well as knowing exactly which course will apply directly to their particular ocupational objective.

In February, a check for \$15,000 (the first installment of this year's grant) was presented to Pres. Birenbaum by Con Ed Vice President and Director of Personnel Administration for the company. All parties involved are optimistic about the continued expansion of the program to meet the needs of all industrial and technical employees within the area, and judging from repeated inquiries by other in-Technology (headed by Prof. An- dustries as well as the Staten Island Chamber of Commerce, there is good cause for optimism.



RF Publishing

Dr. Raymond Fellers, Adjunct Asst. Prof. of Government, has formed RF Publishing, Inc., which offers teachers the opportunity to design and edit their own readings books as an alternative to mass-produced texts. The books may be composed of journal articles, any original material of the teachers, and work in the public domain. For further information, please leave your name with the secretary in the Economics and Government Office (7604-5)

History's

Omissions

804:U.S Congress authorizes the Pres

ident to give Indians land west of

the Mississippi in exchange for

their lands east of the river, set-

ting the stage for the Indian re-

and Indian horsemen defeat the

come the first female members

of the London Stock Exchange

status as single women, and un-

wed mothers are not required to

apply for waiver, according to

liberalized regulations announ-

885:Gabriel Dumont with his Metis

Mounties at Duck Lake.

973: Susan Shaw and Edna Stokes be-

after 171 years. The market

closes generally higher

1973:Married women gain the same

ced for joining the WAC

Nights

movals.

J1 Early

6:25-9:00

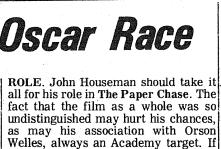
Late

The Great Oscar Race

By Les Keyser

As the Academy Awards approach it's time to get out your scratch sheet your record of past performances, and your ouija board. For the record, here's how I'd handicap each contest:

BEST PICTURE. The Exorcist should win handily. No film can make this much money and not please the employees of the major studios, which employees are the principal voters in the Academy Awards. The Sting has upset potential and may be a sentimental favorite. Everything else is Whispers went for months without a rest on his characterization in Save the gem, will have to content himself with



box offices, The Exorcist may carry Jason Miller to an undeserved award. All the other nominees in this category are definite also rans. Vincent Gar denia was good in Bang The Drum Slowly, but the film is too low key for serious consideration. Jack Gilford is an experienced and gifted performer, talent will be overlooked. Bergman, the definitely an also ran. Cries and but the awards he deserves surely don't

win. Madelaine Kahn was good ir Paper Moon, but Tatum upstaged her. W.C.Fields was a wise man: never ROLE. John Houseman should take it trust a child, Madelaine Kahn will learn all for his role in The Paper Chase. The her lesson this year. Candy Clarke's fact that the film as a whole was so role in American Graffiti is far too shallow for an award. Sylvia Sidney is as may his association with Orson great in Summer Wishes Winter Welles, always an Academy target. If Dreams, but the film is a lead balloon. the studio men are stillsmiling over fat She was lucky to have such a short part.

She was lucky to have such a short part for the film really dies when her character departs. BEST DIRECTOR. Again, I look for a major upset. George Roy Hill is going to take this award for The Sting. William Friedkin will be a disgruntled second for The Exorcist. All the real

master, whose Cries and Whispers is a

is a moneyed nominee. Everyone else in this race is there for window cressing. One of the two children will

opus is better than studio suet. American Graffiti suffers from the youth of its director and his antiestablishment postures; studio people aren't going to shake the hand that slapped them. A Touch of Class is totally out of its class here. The nomination probably reflects the paucity of material available this year; anything with a modicum of charm was nominated for something.

BEST MALE STAR. Look for a big upset here. Al Pacino will squeeze by, in very close balloting, for his characterization of Serpico in the film of the same title. Pacino deserves the award, but is handicapped by the fact the film is a New York based production. East is East, West is West, and often the twain don't meet. This year, however, I think the fog surrounding Hollywood may lift for a brief moment, and Pacino will get the award. Four other stars will be close, however, Marlon Brando could have gotten it all for Last Tango in Paris if the film had been released later in the year, if he had never really cared about Indians, it he had streaked in the film rather than cavorting with his clothes on, and if the director had been an American. Robert year to repeat. Redford's smile, and little else, gives him an outside shot for his role in The Sting. Jack Lemmon also has a shot for his role in Save the Tiger; a lot of money is going into ads in trade papers reminding Academy members about Lemmon's role. It all seems a desperate attempt to resuscitate a film | cite the child and forget the realtalent. which was no tiger at the box office. The rank outsider in this race is Jack possibilities here, though all the Nicholson for his role in The Last Detail. The film opened early in scenes have hurt her chances. The Hollywood to qualify for this year's Academy may not remember, awards. Nicholson is good in the film, however, that she was little more than a with the notion that grass makes you but his effort seems too little too late. Al living mannequin, the showcase for the horny, the audience is bombarded with Pacino is hard to beat in this category. |special effects department; money

Editorial Asst.

Market

distributor; no Hollywood denizen is going to admit that Bergman's artistic his work in The Last Detail is an emhis work in The Last Detail is an em- major Oscars to foreigner very often. barrassment.

> BEST FEMALE STAR. Barbara Last Tango in Paris and George Luka's Streisand will overcome the demons possessing the Academy and win for her role in the saccharine The Way We Were. The main upset chance is Ellen Burstyn in The Exorcist; if Hollywood is overwhelmed by this stunted but successful film, all bets may be off. The

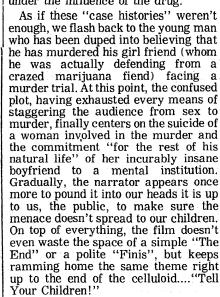
Academy has been known to go on a wild binge of over-adulation and give one film everything but the kitchen sink. Let's hope this year is different. Streisand may be no great shakes, but an Oscar for Ellen Burstyn in The Exorcist? Again, the rest of the field in this category are definite outsiders Joanne Woodward's role in Summer Wishes Winter Dreams was serious, oh so serious, that she had them sleeping in the aisles. Marsha Mason in Cinderella Liberty is one of those strange Oscar nominations where a studio is grabbing at any thread to save a bomb. Glenda Jackson's nomination for A Kaleidoscope program. Touch of Class is purely a formal one.

Having nominated the film, the the efforts of a Casper Milguetoast-type Academy had to suggest an award to crusader dedicated to educating the someone in it. Glenda Jackson was as parents of potential "marijuana adgood a choice as any, but this is not her dicts" on the terrible pitfalls taced by BEST FEMALE IN A SUPPORTING drug". The movie opens on a quiet, all ROLE. Tatum O'Neal will be crowned American. apple pie eating schnook. queen of the kids. despite her ulcers. for His gullibility and naivete liken him to queen of the kids, despite her ulcers, for her part in Peter Bogdanovich's Paper Moon. Paper Moon is all Bogdanovich's beans. achievement, but sentimentalists they are, academy members will probably

landslide.

Linda Blair of The Exorcist has upset sequent initiation to SEX, the most revelations about stand-ins for certain appalling violation of the Puritan ethic After being sufficiently "appalled" information obtained from the local police chief by our crusading educator. BEST MALE IN A SUPPORTING shouts in Hollywood, and The Exorcist One gory account of the marijuana

menace involves the case of a 16 year old "marijuana addict" who murders his entire family with an axe while under the influence of the drug.



Similarly, Bertolucci's nomination for for American Graffiti are examples of the Academy trying to look hip. Nominations may include art as criterion; awards are purely parochial. BEST FOREIGH FILM. My best bet of the night: Cries and Whispers by a

POETRYC&DIALOGUE

ROCHELLE OWENS

in

LA GALLERIE

Staten Island

Community

College Library

715 Ocean Terrace

Staten Island,

New York

3:30 p.m.

APRIL 3, 1974

Reefer Madness

by Fred Moynihan

"Reefer Madness", an ancient pseudo-documentary of the mid-thirties on the evils of marijuana, was presented in the S.I.C.C. auditorium in a recent film fest sponsored by the

"Reefer Madness" centers around those who are introduced to the "killer

Jack of "Jack In The Beanstalk" fame "trading away the cow" for a handful of The young lad is observed going through varied stages of character degeneration which begin with his introduction to marijuana and sub-

seeking Management. Health and Medical Services, Social Services and Technician students Room C-2. AND hours lounge.

March 29-Nana Dinizula African Dances and Disco Party. 8:00 \$2.00 for students and \$5.00 for non students. SICC auditorium.

Calendar

March 26—NYC Career Opportunities of interest to SICC students. Personnel

Representatives will be on campus

photo by Lisa Wo

March 29—Alumni Association General Meeting 8:00 at SICC

March 29-The Vets club goes to Washington. Sign up for the trip in C 132.

April 2—Kaleidoscope Movies presents "Sometimes A Great Notion" 6:30 in the SICC THEATER.

March 30-Staten Island Community College Auditorium-8pm presents "Gala Operatic Concerts Commemorating the 50th Anniversary of Puccini's Death.

April 3-Model Passover Seder sponsored by the Jewish Cultural Union will be held in the Presidents Conference Room during Club hours.

April 5-Community Scholars Program presents Talent night in the SICC Auditorium 7:30

and alight on human warmth, My hand went out and smashed him dead For who needs friends?

Jerry P. Melmed Associate Professor Instructional Resources Center February, 1970



At the opening of his show, 'Light on My Mind or What Is Real" at La Gallerie, News Ferry photo editor Abraham Rezny sizes up his eight foot hero.



SICC Series Debuts On CTV Network

A new series of television programs, production of "The Humanities" were Staten Island Community College the producer-director, Jerry P Presents," will be seen each Wed- Melmed; chief engineer and technical nesday starting April 3, over the City University of New York cable television engineer and assistant technical network, Channel "B" in Manhattan, director, Bob Meli; photographer, Joe from 5:30 to 6:30 p.m. Rickard; and graphic artist, Suzanne The first program in the series will be Langelier.

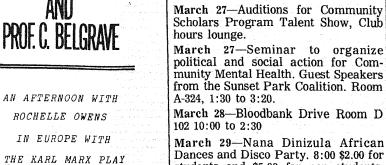
The Humanities," written and hosted Prof. Melmed "The Humanities," written and nosted Fron. Mermed nas made by Dr. Rosalie Reich, professor of arrangements with Mr. Spencer English and speech at S.I.C.C., whose Freund, director of the City University program was videotaped in the Mutual Broadcasting Instructional college's color television studio in early Network (CUMBIN) to present an original color television protections of the City University March. Subtitled "Explorations: A original color television production on Search For Meaning in the Con-temporary World," "The Humanities" time period. focuses upon the creative expressions

"The Humanities" will be aired at an of the first quarter of this century and open screening at the college on shows how artists and writers came to Wednesday, March 27, at 11:40 a.m. terms with their complex world. and again on Friday, March 29, at 12:35 p.m. in Lecture Hall B-148.

EDITORIAL STAFF Layout: Joyce Kamps Lorenzo Safont Editor: Fred S. Armentrout Photo Abe Rezny - Editor Lewis Zlotnick Assoc. Editor: Sally Johnson Randy McGrath Jim O'Grady Dale Prusinowski Mark Lawyue Reporter: Fred Moynihan Christiana Mulholland The News Ferry is published under a grant from the S.I.C.C. Assn. Add-Analyst: Frank Capitano ress all correspondence to T-36, 715 Ocean Terrace, Staten Island, N.Y. Sales: Kevin Lawrie 10301 Loretta Volpe

The News Ferry

Phone: 720-9198



The News Ferry

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Page 3

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The Lawyer As An Agent of Social Change

Dinomint

Blueprint:

Minority Participation

in the

Legal Profession

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Page 4

Workshop I: "Lawyers, the New Moneyed Class"

by John Signoriello

Panel members for the workshop law firms are "generally con-entitled, "What Do You Do After You servative," but maintained that they Pass the Bar?" included Bruce Wright, have a lot to offer, such as readily have a lot to offer, such as readily the panel moderator, Mary Pickman, a available leaves of absence for comgovernment lawyer, Alan Moss, a munity service. "Right now, two of our municipal government lawyer, Richard people have taken leave and are Sherman, a Legal Aid lawyer, Richard working on the committee to impeach Juterbock of the Wall Street law firm of Nixon," he said, "and you no longer Sherman and Sterling, and William have to be in the top ten of your class, or O'Halloran, a private practitioner. the editor of Law Review, to get a job in

"Those of you who wish to be the first place." reputable should not overlook Wall A student asked if degrees from Street," said Bruce Wright to the Brooklyn College are honored at students present. "Lawyers are the Sherman and Sterling. "Yeah, what new monied class. I wouldn't neglect about Brooklyn; why are their degrees Wall Street; I have no contempt for so scorned?" Bruce Wright asked. "I don't know," said Juterbock. "We have money.'

Nor for the lawyers who give up fruitful careers to work for Legal Aid. two partners from Brooklyn.' A student asked if Sherman and Sterling hired students as law clerks. 'They should be treated with respect," "No, but as legal assistants, which is a said Wright. "Right now, Legal Aid lawyers are in the same boat as good thing to get into," answered Aid employees union has opposed it prisoners. They have no place to con-Juterbock

duct private interviews with prisoners. Wright defined the practice they were They are forced to conduct them in the speaking about: at the beginning of pens with the prisoners, which is their second year, law students are especially difficult for women expected to get summer jobs with firms lawyers. hey'd like to work for after graduation.

A hand was raised. "Some judges 'It's very important," said Juterbock. interfere when a black lawyer cross-'Not only that, but they pay very will,' examines a witness," a student said. interjected wright.

What advice might you give to a young "Can you tell us what happened to the black lawyer who finds himself in this law suit brought against a number of

Wright laughed and said: "You have Sterling included-for discriminatory to risk contempt. Judges are peculiar hiring practices?" a student asked. They tolerate no in-"Nothing really happened with it, people. subordination, and they do have the answered Juterbock "But I can tell right to take part in cross-examination. you that some really amazing things But most judges do not interfere if they were alleged -- such as interviewers think counsel is competent." "Mainly commercial," is the way

Richard Juterbock of Sherman and female."

Sterling characterized Wall Street law "I was interviewed for a job at practice. "A Wall Street lawyer doesn't Sherman and Sterling," one woman in go into court much, handle criminal the audience stated. "One of the partcases or divorce litigation," he said. ners told me: "I'd hire you in a minute, "When they do go to court, it's mostly sweetheart, but no one would eat lunch with you and you'd be so lonely.' tax work

The world he described is mostly male and white. "There are few blacks According to Robert Sherman, the Legal Aid Society in N.Y.C. has about and less women," he said. "But times 450 staff attornies-50 women, 15 blacks and 10 Puerto Ricans. "I have been told are changing. Juterbock admitted that Wall Street by management that this is not a

discriminatory practice," he said; "it's just that we don't have the ap-plications." "What happened to mine?" a minority student asked. Bruce Wright The Case of "Miss Whimsy" & "Mr. Careful" I Like Erazo earlier, Dworkin throughout the country. Dean Dar Wimball asked that she prove or retr

The News Ferry

Bernard Dworkin, Corporate Law practitioner Karen Yates (Sherman

and Sterling) and Adele Brody (af-

Noting that "even the rich are en-

titled to representation," Karen Yates

a graduate of University of Virginia's

law school, estimated that 7 of 210 at-

torneys with the large Wall Street firm

of Sherman and Sterling are women.

Yates began her career with un-

dergraduate training in Government

and originally intended to enter public

In a brief discussion of the role of

women, or lack thereof, in the legal

profession, Yates claimed,"to compete

for entrance to law school and positions

referring specifically to one in which

is a partner, she suggested there are

likely to be more in the future which

may make prospects for women at-

torneys better than they have been to

Dworkin, an independent Staten

Island attorney who specializes in

Family Court cases, spoke briefly

about the difficulties of the "in-

service law.

date.

letter asking him not to refer anymore

people. "We operate under a heavy caseload," said Sherman, getting back to more comfortable ground, "but we get satisfaction from burning the D.A. and the police department." "judges, too," added Wright. Wright then asked about the high

filiated with the Institute for Public turnover of staff Legal Aid has Administration, Queens and Antioch historically encountered. "It has been a colleges) for a question and answer problem," admitted Sherman, "but session on "What do you do after you we're trying to beat that by incpass the Bar?" easing salary in later years."

"I've been told by a lot of Legal Aid Clients that each time they go to court, they see a new lawyer; what about that?" a student asked.

"The practice still continues," admitted Sherman, adding that the Legal since last summer.

Mary Pickman, a government lawyer, has been involved with Legal Aid efforts to get private interviewing

cubicles. "We've been working on the in the field afterward, women must be matter since June," she said. "The as good or better than men." On the result: in three months, three telephone as good or better than men." On the booth-like cubicles will be installed in brighter side, for women, Adele Brody noted that there are several foundling the arraignment section of Judge Bruce law suit brought against a number of Wall Street firms—Sherman and Sterling included—for discriminatory hiring practices?" a student asked. women's law firms now in existence, State Assemblywoman Carol Bellamy Pickman painted a somber picture of the reform movement in the legal area. "The money has dried up," she said. 'There are still private grants around,

blatantly telling women they would not but getting them is a whole big game in be hired solely because they were itself, involving endless requests and red tape.

> "The whole reform movement is enough to make you despair," she concluded William O'Halloran, a private practitioner, reminisced about his law

dependent'' in the profession. Reminiscent of the "ambulance chaser" stereotype of independent attorneys, Dwork in elaborated on the "small cases, small fees" syndrome of a community attorney which had h school days. "It was kind of a denuding a community attorney which had been touched on earlier by Erazo in his process." he said. They strip you down intellectually, remold you. He cautioned the minority students that, description of pre-government attorney days in the Puerto Rican communities continued on page 5 of Manhattan.

In a tumble of law career possibilities, Kathy Douglas and Joseph suggested that most starting attorneys shoot for major institutional or Wall Erazo (representing public interest law Street firms to build experience and and government law) joined Professor connections before launching an inependent career in communities. of Constitutional Law (Fordham) Jerry McLaughlin, Family Law attorney

In a brief exchange with an NYU

Dean, Douglas was challenged on her keynote address implication that overt learlier claims that law schools discrimination exists in law schools

Joseph Erazo and Kathy Douglas chaired a workshop on "What do you do after you pass the bar?"

Like Erazo earlier, Dworkin throughout the country. Dean Danie Kimball asked that she prove or retrac her statements, Douglas held she would do neither and that, if necessary, she would compile the figures with a bill for the service included. Calling attempts by law schools to be "relevant" by

offering poverty law course electives "a farce", Douglas persisted in her generally, are designed to teach the school's student committee had voted

lown special "enrichment" programs because it was felt they would stigmatize students who entered them. According to Douglas' description, this is a concern throughout the law school system, but the decisions for special counselling and tutoring programs overshadowed by usually are the "stigma" argument. Not unlike the college system in general, law colleges, whether in the end more concerned about the student reputation or their resist offering special own, programming for minority students once they are admitted; leaving the 'sink or swim'' approach to determine who remains and who fails.

Adele Brody suggested that job possibilities were likely to increase for lawyers with knowledge of accounting principles. She claimed it is a rapidly expanding field as many of the major corporate responsibility cases of fraud and the like rely on intricate systems of accounting that are incomprehensible to most lawyers. She cited the recent Equity Insurance swindle as a case in point

"Male and white" semantics of the LSAT tests were also challenged by audience members and a discussion ensued about the discriminatory aspects of college entrance testing. One woman in the audience, who had recently taken the test, was outraged by a case example that referred to a 'Miss Whimsy'' who consulted with her attorney, "Mr. Careful" over a civil law matter. "I know there is a subtle racism and chauvinism in the testing generally," she concluded, "but this so blatantly plays upon stereotypes of male-female relations it is male-female outrageous.'

Another piece of inspirational graffiti probably write a book about their says send the "spics" back to Puerto illegal episode and make money, thus

tico and blow it up. Others declare firm positions in anguage which would make "Deep dalous indictment for murder, was held in bail so high she could not possibly make it. For eighteen months, she

Ricans and Blacks as defendants, are treated as numbers. The judges who can dispose of the greatest number of

vho are preferred for promotion.

Negro ever admitted to practice before the supreme Court. It was an occasion Almost a hundred years later, the

court held that public school segregation was unconstitutional and re scorned and ostracized.

vet, at the same time it said, in effect, well, the public school plaintiffs are have changed their names to a Moslem | only "niggers", so there is no urgency

proving that crime does pay-for some. Rico and blow it up.

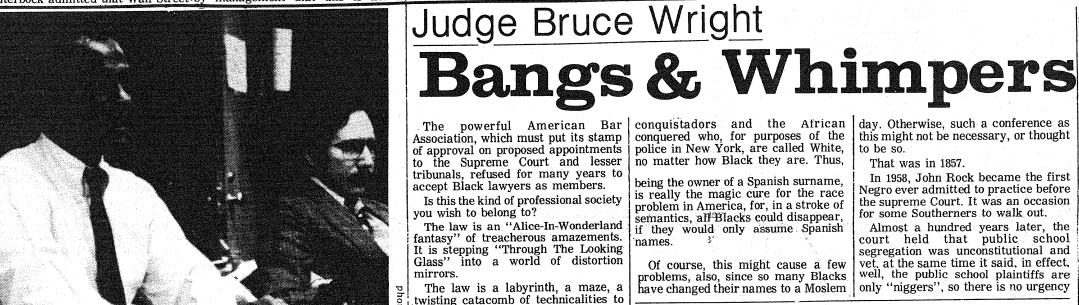
And the endless parade of Puerto languished in jail, only to be acquitted.

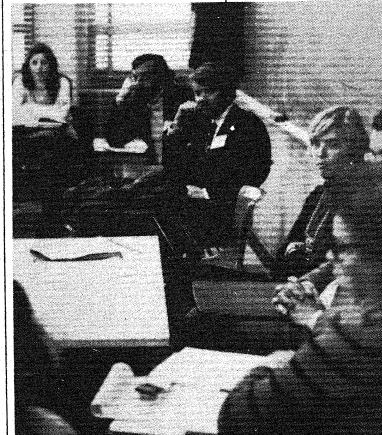
cases in the quickest time, are the heroes of the system. They are the ones was charged and convicted with the murder of her two infant children. She The tough judges, the ones who know was allowed bail she could afford how to impose the harsh sentences, are before the trial began. After she was

the "darlings" of this era of strict convicted. the court set bail at sciences, are strict convicted. the court set bail at \$25,000. She said she could only af-crime in the streets. The lenient judges are the ones who Alice Crimmins is White.

And yet, like a Pied Piper, leading children into the insatiable mouth of a Congress his Criminal Law Reform Bill, said that there must be punish-we do need more minority lawyers.

I used to think that we needed more





Tuesday, March 26, 1974

rights of owners over renters: loaners over debtors and property over people. NYU was actually cited as one of the better examples of law school concern over admission and retention of minority students, with special note made by Erazo of that college's clinical

programs, designed to "show what you can do with lawyering," as he put it, "rather than how well you do on tests." Discussion of concern over com-

pensating devices to retain minority students, once admitted, centered on an audience question asking if any law schools had some form of affirmative action policy toward the retention rate of students. Douglas claimed her



Ed. Note: Napoleon once said, "Three hostile newspapers are more to be feared than a thousand bayonets." While his reference was to the press, his intent was a comment upon the threat of socially 'legitimized" voices that, like those of his ministers and deputies, knew how to speak well.

There are few people more "legitimate" in our society than judges. And there are few judges with the candor of Judge Bruce Wright. For those who care, he is Black. For those who don't, he is hostile. And for those who judge, he speaks very well. Following is the text of a speech that, by itself, would have made the Minority Law Conference worthy of the efforts of those who came:

> busing as a means of achieving in by Judge Bruce Wright tegration. Not only is he a lawyer, but

> > Well, why?

What a marvelous vision, for those he is a former judge. of us assembled here, to believe that we So, the law has been used as an in believe there is a minority law career strument for the Southern strategy. Is available to minoritics. I am reminded this social change, or is this the mixture of the ancient fallacy we know as as before?

Petitio Principii. All one needs to do, in Perhaps this conference should have order to proclaim such a conference as been entitled, "So You Minorities Wish ours, is to assume that something To Become Lawyers, Do You? exists, which has not yet been established. People who flunked their Latin, call it begging the question.

Most of us are here because we suffer from that brain disease known as optimism. And for those of you who do not know what an optimist is, I happen to have a definition.

An optimist is one who believes that this is the best of all lives in the best of all possible worlds. On the other hand, a pessimist is one who believes that the optimist may just be right, alas.

What this boils down to is that, things are never as bad as they seem, and that's because they are worse.

It is too easy to attack lawyers and the profession by saying, look at the Watergate crowd, with its indicted lawyers, some of whom have confessed their crimes on television. One look at the new TV hero of the American conscience will be enough.

I speak now of that gentle and bumbling folk hero, Senator Sam Ervin, whose plantation accents are such a delight to his worshippers, as he rolls his eyes and tells parables and allegories about the rural wisdom of small town lawyers.

This paragon of wisdom and patriotic purpose, this splendid patriot and expert on our national charter, this giftgiving, eyebrow raising senatorial club member, who postures as a Perry Mason solving the Watergate mystery. is fond of handing copies of the U.S. Constitution to visitors.

This is the same man who signed the Southern Manifesto some years ago, to keep the "niggers" in their place. This is the same man who came out against

twisting catacomb of technicalities to trap the unwary. It is the posh and luxurious temple of the money-changers we call the Wall Street practitioner, where Jews, Puerto Ricans and Blacks are not welcome. Now and then, of course, there is some token representation, and there is a Jewish partner here and there, and, for a while, it was fashionable to have a

spook who sat by the door. I am one such spook, who paid his dues in a Wall Street firm. Wall Street firms are so large these days, that quite often, all of the partners do not know each other. When I was hired, apparently the news did not seep down to all of the partners. Thus, one day, while looking as smart as I could, as I dashed for the library to hunt down the latest commercial precedent, one of the partners stopped me and instructed me to go down to the lobby, buy him some cigars and then sit in a taxi and hold i

until he could get there. He thought was one of the messengers. I was reminded of this incident recently when I was carried off to hospital in the midst of a trial. The

court officers thought I was having a heart attack. At the hospital and in the emergency room, I was placed on one of two beds there. On the other was a White man, obviously a derelict from the nearby Bowery. He had on one red

sneaker and one blue one, had a stubble of beard and reeked of alcohol. Are there opportunities for wealth?

"Now and then, of course, there is some token representation . . . for a while it was

fashionable to have a spook

who sat by the door"

I heard one of the nurses say, "Hurry,

doctor, one of the judges is ill." The

doctor pushed through the curtains of

the entrance, and went straight to the

White derelict, lifted his arm, held the pulse and said to him, "What's the

Are there opportunities for avoiding evil and doing good, as the natural law night put it?

Think it over.

ercent poor.

retained

voman.

post office.

Two Black lawyers once met in Foley Square, outside the Supreme Court Building. One said, "Well Jim, how are hings?" The other lawyer said, "Fine;

am very busy. Last week, I had two It was beyond the reach of the law's ive dollar cases and one small one.' social change for him to suspect that I night be the judge.

trouble, Judge?

Little wonder that Dennis Brogan Come to the court where I am summing up in a phrase, Myrdal's American Dilemma, could say of the panished. Look at the sorrowful drama and notice that ninety percent of them United States that it is an airare Black and Puerto Rican, almost 100 conditioned nightmare.

Look at their lawyers. They are A minority law career may mean any uniformly White, whether assigned counsel, legal aid, or privately number of things to any number of people. First of all, I am assuming that ninorities, at least in this part of the Look at the judges in that court. Out world's urban decay and rot, means f 100 of them, about ten or twelve are Black people and Puerto Ricans. Black. Only one of those is a Black Puerto Ricans are both Black and Puerto Rican, sometimes, so perhaps Little wonder that for so many years, they know a kind of perpetual double

the Black lawyer worked as a Red Cap, jeopardy in America. as a Sky Cap and when really in Black Puerto Ricans are also, in large part, Bourgeoise Society, he worked for the the descendants of the Spanish

"The legend on the wall says,

conquered who, for purposes of the police in New York, are called White,

no matter how Black they are. Thus

being the owner of a Spanish surname,

is really the magic cure for the race

problem in America, for, in a stroke of

semantics, all Blacks could disappear,

if they would only assume Spanish

Of course, this might cause a few

problems, also, since so many Blacks

'Charley Tuna must be a nigger fish;

to be so

That was in 1857.

he's so socially unacceptable."

and Arabic persuasion. What with the oil embargo and long gas lines, Arabic names have fallen into some disrepute. Now that we have established what the term "minority" means, let's see for a moment just how some of them have fared in the law.

Let's see if the gleaming and pietistic profession, with its sacred ethics and printed morals, makes a minority lawyer an agent for social change, and whether we wish to follow a blueprint for participation in the proud profession of the law, or whether we wish to tear up the blueprint and draft a new one. Or is it that we should perform radical socialsurgery upon the law itself, as a career.

Is it a sick profession? Does it need a transfusion of minority blood

And what is social change, in any case

And can the law do it without those social and economic revisions in society which we call revolution?

For a constitutional democracy which held Black people in slavery, the biggest social change for America was the Black man's ability to survive, an event which ranks with the "Miracle of the Burning Bush" in terms of pure astonishment.

Proclamation was uttered by Lincoln in 1862, that circumstance wrought no revolutionary social change. Yet, it was a nice, uncomfortable, uncertain, doubtful legalism. Lincoln, of course was a lawyer.

change it is a glacier of rhetoric, taking aeons to slide over the surface of human relations and reveal meaningful change.

The law is really a White joke played on Black straight men in the continuing minstrel show of American jurisprudence. And it is a joke almost devoid of humor.

When Dred Scott sued to have the law say that he was free and no longer a slave, the matter eventually came to the U.S. Supreme Court. There, Roger Brooke Taney, then Chief Justice, and a devoted Catholic and slaveowner wrote the majority opinion.

He took about 100 pages to throw into his text the gratuitous view that the Negro had no right which any White man was bound to respect. It almost seems as though judges had adopted this gratuity as an article of jurisprudential faith, even unto this

about giving them their constitutional rights immediately. We'll let the South abide by the law at its convenience. The consequence of this "social change" is today, the continuing pageant of segregation in both the North and the South. Its progeny is the so-called busing controversy, which still troubles the noonday repose and

this might not be necessary, or thought

In 1958, John Rock became the first

for some Southerners to walk out.

midnight slumber of the legal experts. Our "national cheer leader", President Nixon, himself a lawyer who, as he has said, has practiced some tax law (and may have to practice some more), equates busing for integration with a national crisis. He never, of course, protested when little Black kids were being bused for hundreds of miles each day, just to attend Black, segregated and inferior schools.

However, let's assume that you are the sturdiest of the ambitious and you really believe that a lawyer can be an agent of social change. What kind of courtrooms will you be coming into, if you elect to practice criminal law?

Let's start with the courtroom where have been exiled now for many months. It is tiny, filth is everywhere. The paint is peeling and the walls are blackened with soot and foot-marks and coffee stains. The air conditioner in the window was discovered beneath the Pyramid of Cheops in a B.C. year. The acoustics give off resounding echoes. Now and then, a mouse, obviously

ware of the threat of the criminal law, races across the floor. Last week, the court clerk, celebrating spring practice, folded a Daily News in the midst of trial, and swatted at a gigantic Roach, speeding up the wall.

But because the flag is on my right, and a golden sign advertises that in God We Trust, that vermin-ridden little cell is called a courtroom.

So much for dignity and solemnity.

Outside the courtroom, in a dingy allway, there is some handwriting on the wall. For those of you who recall a certain television commercial advertising tuna fish, you will remember that there was a "Charley Tuna", who was thrown back into the sea because he did not measure up to a certain standard of quality.

socially unacceptable.

A walk down the staircase will lemonstrate that the anonymous authors are ecumenical, for you can see, leaping out at you, another legend, "Kill, kill, kill, but kill the 'niggers' and Jews first."

Put another way, it said, forget rehabilitation as a method for social change lust but the besterd in init now, the Senate has voted to put the

photo by Randy Mc Gratin

lew typical cases:

change. Just put the bastard in jail. And transformed into tories when they get being different from their colleagues. with the death penalty for certain of-Given an opportunity to practice radical jurisprudence, they quail in the face of the consequences. They become

And if the law does not permit preventive detention, well the judges just manage to get around that over-the become timid and fearful about sight by imposing bail in such huge placing in jeopardy their opportunities amounts that there are thousands of for promotion, or they fear imfor promotion, or they fear impeople in jail today who have never peachment. This is the season for that, been convicted, but just don't have the as you know as you know. noney to ransom themselves out.

Perhaps this reticence is because This is known as legal kidnapping. they feel so lonely. There are so few of And if you think the money bail them If the law offers them the comfort ystem is fair and just, let's look at a of a larger group of minority lawyers,

perhaps they will become braver, more daring and act as tutors to their White colleagues as to the necessity for social change and the proper role the law should have in that process.

The law is acutely in need of more women at the Bar, bringing to the discipline those special and compassionate insights which women have, in consequence of their many years of enslavement in a world of male chauvinism.

But, social change begins at home and not in the expectation of charity. Years ago, minorities could expect special consideration, because they were thought to be weak, deprived and still suffering from the handicaps of a slave past.

Today, however, All-American football and basketball teams are dominated by Black stars. On any TV screen, you can see their heroics the year-round. It is difficult to conceive of minorities needing special help, when you see them knocking down White men on fields and in gymnasiums, and when, in boxing, the poor Whites frantically search for a White hope.

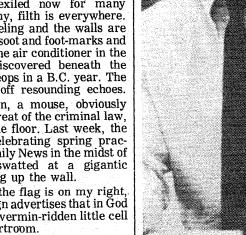
Today, then, you've got to be prepared to compete on a basis of equality which does not exist. Instead of Super-Fly, you've got to be Super-Scholar. Call the LSAT's middle class White exams all you wish. It won't help. Lord Snow proclaimed his famous dictum and dichotomy of two cultures some time ago. But minorities have always known that schizophrenic nature of existence. For, they have always had to know the secret language of minorities while, at the same time, being exposed to the formal White

George Jackson was perhaps one of education of the majority. the most famous of the Soledad Now that De Junis is before the Brothers. He was charged with robbery of \$70.00 from a gas station attendant. Supreme Court and your former Jewish His bail was so high that he remained in allies have elected to argue reverse

The legend on the wall says, "Charley jail until the end of his brief life, where discrimination and condemn what they Tuna must be a 'nigger' fish; he's so he died under circumstances which call quota systems, you are really in suggest foul play. He was Black. trouble

It is easy to forget that when Jews The Clifford Irvings were indicted in both the State and Federal Courts for could be admitted to Princeton and defrauding McGraw Hill out of nearly Dartmouth, and countless other one million dollars. They were allowed universities, on a quota system, Blacks bail they could afford, even after they could not be admitted at all. pleaded guilty. They are White and will

continued on page 5



Although the so-called Emancipation

If, indeed, the law makes for social

Tuesday, March 26,1974

The News Ferry

Minority Law Options

continued from page 1

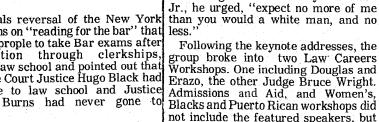
maintained that "when your LSAT tests of Appeals reversal of the New York are over, your troubles only begin." provisions on "reading for the bar" that Besides her warning about the static allowed prople to take Bar exams after multiplity of law calleges of the test of the static allowed proplet to take Bar exams after quality of law colleges, she noted the "psychological difficulties involved in rejecting 'top' oriented values," but Supreme Court Justice Hugo Black had argued money and lifestyle problems not gone to law school and Justice can be overcome if a person's primary commitment is "living to the fullest of your own imagination."

your own imagination." Calling the law "a dirty joke" played on Black men throughout history, Judge Bruce Wright followed Douglas with a sharp attack on the entire legal profession. Challenging the very tille of the conference..."A Blueprint for Minority Participation in the Legal Profession"...he queried whether "we should tear up the blueprint and make a new one," and proceeded with a

new one," and proceeded with a scathing analysis of his route into the legal profession ("I was the spook who sat by the door"), experiences as a judge ("a good judge handles the greatest number of cases in the quickest possible way"), and con-tradiction of a legal system that emulates Senator Sam Ervin "who now plays Perry Mason and who signed the 'Southern Manifesto', and helped make the law an instrument of the 'Southern Strategy.

Comparing the cases of George Jackson to Alice Crimmins and Angela Davis to the Clifford Irvings, Wright presented a poignant eulogy to the sufferings of Blacks under American jurisprudence, but concluded that "Black Power is an emotional fiction. You must be in it to change it." He summarized his position with an axiom from his father, "Get it in your head. They can't take it away from you there," and received a standing ovation | for a speech that made the Erazo presentation to follow virtually anticlimatic (Ed Note: For the full text of Judge Bruce Wright's speech, see this issue's special section on the conference)

Joseph Erazo, Special Assistant to the Mayor, bowing to the impact of the Wright presentation, spoke very briefly. He expanded upon Wright's criticisms of the Bar and Judicial system, adding "Judges should be trained, not picked out of a hat," and arguing for alterations in law schools that would provide for consideration of



not include the featured speakers, but over 25 other students and professionals from the New York City legal establish-ment were present (Ed Note: see special section for detailed stories on workshops). As described in the opening remarks of Felix Cardegna,

was recently featured on a three-part

Eyewitness News series with Geraldo

Rivera), Erazo postulated only one

thought on his role as a Puerto Rican attorney in municipal government.

Borrowing from Adam Clayton Powell



Ms. Cathy Douglas, wife of Supreme Court Justice William O. Dougjudgeship, "as a separate profession."He noted the recent Court las was a key note speaker & panel chairman in recent workshop.

Admissions, Aid Workshop

Later workshops would discuss the courses. Barbara J. Crawford, a law difficulties of "staying in" law school applicant in the audience, once a student arrives, but "getting in" was the focus of the Law School Ad-missions and Financial Aid Workshop; claimed studies had indicated no correlation between LSAT prep courses and passing or performing better on the LSAT.

and getting in, according to panel members Sandy Miller, Hofstra Placement Officer, Mary Pickman, SICC Law Faculty, Helen Huygler, 3rd year student at St. John's, Joe Flemming, NYU law student and Paulette

But there has never been an in-McMillen, New York Law student, is no small task for minority members and program." She estimated 75 women in

Dean of the Experimental College at SICC, initiatives on the part of brought SICC's legal program from one course — internship conbination a year ago to the present 9 course wide program of internships and 275 enrolled students (up from an original 25). The coordinator of the recent conference was SICC's Law Program Director, Ms.

tests (not an outstanding score)

Rejected in his first round of sp-

recruiting, we are not too active. There

are not enough of us. More radical

students tend to be where there are

more students. So we've thrown all of

our effort into getting each other

Calling St. John's a peculiar case, Helen Huygler, a student there, held, "St. John's has always accepted women and Blacks." Virginia Hauer. An attorney. with two Masters degrees, Ms. Hauer was for-merly associated with the Lindsay administration.

Women and the Law "Too Agressive or not enough" by Sally Johnson Advising women to "be aware of how the law uses sex," Ms. Cathy Douglas headed off Saturday's workshop on the problems of women in the traditionally male-dominated profession of law. In conjunction with another New York

conjunction with another New York attorney, Adele Brody, and a group of female law students, the panel addressed the topic of women's roles both as students and as lawyers.

Listeners ran the gamut from high school students and young college students to mothers and divercees who are all interested in a law career and are now going through the grueling process of law school admissions. The basic concern of the group at large were twofold — what opportunities do women have in the field, and how does one cope with being a wife and or mother while dealing with the problems presented by a full-time career.

According to Ms. Douglas who works for the Public Interest Law Firm, the problems of women in law school are in fact no different than those of women on the outside. As she sees it, the most difficult prejudice facing women in the working world is that they are "conditioned to be quiet and sensitive" from the time they are born. Men, therefore, assume that women are "not aggressive enough to be lawyers," or on the other hand, that women who want to practice law are "too aggressive."

Thus, women have to come to grips with this identity problem which is based upon years of social expectations from a male-dominated society. Ms. Douglas advises that women "ignore how other people view you. Take who you are and use the tools of law as you will, but make people aware that you're not different" with respect to the practice of law.

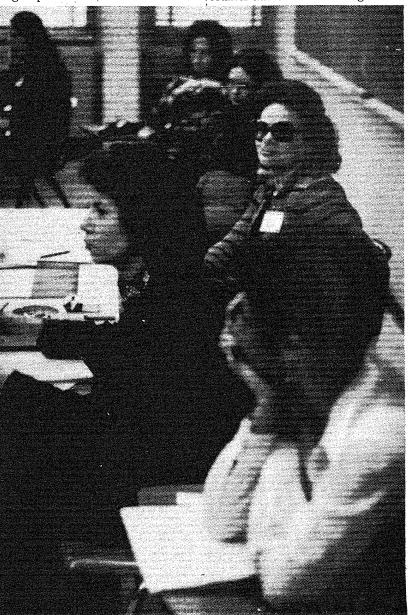
Brooklyn Law School student Judy Schwartz picked up this theme, relating it specifically to the circumstances of being in school and coping with these stereotypes. During a course she took on discrimination against women (to which men were not admitted), she came to the conclusion that womenshouldn't "believe you have to become someone else - don't invent a new personality. Russell Nobles of the New York Law School backed her on this point, saying that the biggest difficulty she sees is that there are "not enough of us in law schools for professors to consider us a legitimate group." Ms. Nobles feels that this lack of sense of

legitimacy leads to chauvinistic remarks on the part of professors and makes her, for one, feel singled out in President William M. Birenbaum have class for speaking up. "Older faculty members particularly,"she says, "have rigid ideas about who should be in law school and about what the experience should be."

At the New York Law School, a Women's Caucus has been formed in which Ms. Nobles as well as panel member Gloria Rice are involved, and they both spoke of it as "a source of strength" for the women at the school. As Ms. Rice explains the function of

profession, and functions as a "highly woman remarked that her husband is authoritarian body of knowledge." Advertising is directed towards male putting her through law school, in a reversal of the traditional role models. lawyers and female secretaries, sub-Russell Nobles added that she ject to the same stereotypes which exist in all professions. However, she believes, "We have to accept this now and delay the prospects for change, since the immediate necessity is for cotting through law school " believes that women can offer realityoriented insights in the law, "but our insights aren't valued by many." She feels that while the environment in law since the immediate necessity is for getting through law school." While the basic identity problems of the common denominator of the workshop, the specific, practical troubles of the women varied greatly with this opinion, explaining that she senses white's spot in law' school." In her

the common denominator of the overt nostinity - you're taking up a workshop, the specific, practical white's spot in law school." In her troubles of the women varied greatly with individual circumstances. For married women particularly, Cathy Deurles spitted out "women have lass counter-authoritarian. In light of this, Douglas pointed out, "women have less



Attorney Adele Brody (Facing right) chaired womans workshop on law.

Page 5

women have the potential to "open up the closed sanctity of the lega profession.

New York attorney Adele Brody addressed herself to the problems of how law is taught under the present system. "There is a Socratic dialogue

between professors and students that is like mortal combat. People use intellect as a blunt weapon and the human element doesn't survive." Seeing the need for a change in the methods of teaching, she feels that the level of competitiveness must be decreased in the classroom. On the question of women professors as they relate to the problems of women students, one student expressed the view that female professors can be "highly discriminatory" against students; while Judy Schwartz described the five women professors of her acquaintance as "very informal and respected on the basis of their teaching rather than their womanness.

In a final consensus of opinion, workshop closed with a discussion of

the time and energy committment which must be made to law school. According to one, students have to learn an entirely new system of studying in the first semester of law school, and in an average day, they put in 2-3 hours of outside preparation for each hour of class She liked the idea of each nour or class one liked the idea of having no broad paper topics, but complained of the weight of the final exam grade which is often 100 percent of the course.

But what does it take for a woman to survive in law school? Those in the know listed three critical factors which are, as they see it, essential to success in the law world — discipline, an analytical mind and good health.

Puerto Rican Workshop

Iverlisse Torres (St. John's), Gladys Carrion (NYU Law) and Raoul Carroll (St. John's) made up the panel of the Minority Law Conference's Puerto Rican Workshop. Discussion primarily focused on an outline of the LSAT test (Law School Admissions Test), the standard entrance exam of law schools.

Pointing out that financial and other Pointing out that financial and other assistance for taking the LSAT is available from the Puerto Rican Legal Defense Education Fund, Inc. (815 Second Ave., NYC) by writing or calling Trin Gonzalez, its director of education, various panel members discussed the structure of the test itself.

They described it as being in two parts, a comprehension section that focuses on reading aptitude and allows a subject to go back over the material, and a "fact pattern" and mathematics section where the test taker is not allowed to go back.

Panelists pointed out that the ratio of Puerto Ricans in law school is ex-tremely low at present, with an estimated 99 students enrolled in the entire United States. Iverlisse Torres, the only Puerto Rican woman in St.

John's Law School at present, also

women

Only four years old, Hofstra college, according to Miller, has made a concentrated effort to admit minority members and women. Like several other law schools, Hofstra uses a special Ethnic Admissions Committee to de-emphasize LSAT scores but has no quota system. He claimed the median GPA test scores were 3.2 and LSAT scores were 6.10 last year, but would be going up.

He also defended the relatively low admissions ratio of women and minorities as being due to the school's newness and claimed Hofstra, amongst potential students, suffered discrimination for being new. . .which, he claimed, leads many minority or women applicants to more well established institutions. He claimed the Dean of the Law School screened nonminority admissions but also is likely to de-emphasize LSAT tests due to the fact that he had been a consultant to the testing service in Princeton (headquarters of the educational testing industry) and had a very low opinion of the LSAT effectiveness in determining student quality.

Asked to provide some hard figures on minority and women's admissions, Miller claimed of 550 students there are 23 Blacks, 3 Hispanic and 121 women. Miller also noted that law schools tend to accept about twice as many students as they have seats for on the assumption that multiple applications, drops and mind changing will result in close to the correct figure. As an example, he noted that next year's class is projected at 230. Hofstra will accept about 450 people and over 3,000 will apply.

NYU law student, Joe Flemming hit upon some of the difficulties and procedures for getting aid. He stated that one of the major problems is that the student receives no information until the college actually provides the grant he will receive. On the positive side, he claimed, "NYU has a policy that once in, a student should not have to drop out for lack of finances.'

As Flemming described it, NYU presently has a \$3700 maximum (or just over \$450 per semester) but expects to raise it to \$4,000 next year. In later questions and answers, it was also pointed out that law schools, generally, are very strict on counting family in come-even if a student is emancipated, regardless of age.

Asked about the cheapest route to taking LSAT tests,Flemmingsuggested interested students apply to schools and have the application fee waived. As applicants, they can then have the LSAT fee waived and, in effect, pay nothing to find out if they can get into law school (application and test-wise)

Paulette McMillan, from New York Law, estimated 106 of 730 students at her college are women. She outlined New York's acceptance ratio as 300 of 3000 applicants last year. There was also some discussion of the usefulness can bring about the change this of the \$300 and up LSAT preparation ference is convened to envision.

0

a total of 325 students; 2 Blacks in the Senior day session class, 5 in their second year and 10 in their third year. A surprise participant in the minority

conference, Federal Judge Mark Constantino spoke during a brief question and answer period discussion of the American Bar Association's 'character and fitness" committee. That committee, according to Constantino, can hold up one's clearance to practice law even after they have completed law school and passed the Bar exams. In his own case, Constantino claimed, "I had to wait two years before final approval by the character and fitness committee, and I found out later the reason was that had no sponsorship or acquaintance with a practicing attorney or judge."

He advised those interested in law to

make such acquaintances.

never too early," he concluded. Wright

continued from page 4

Where was the outraged protest then?

The warning is, then, you cannot slide through undergraduate schools taking the easy way out. It is all right to dwell in the shadow of famous and ancient kingdoms of civilization and African law?"). glory. But I warn you that law schools BEN DE COSTA not teach it and the Bar examinations ignore that golden past. You can yell Black Power until you are blue in the face, but Black Power is an emotional fiction. Somebody has said that Black Power is "that power

which Black people would have, every White person died immediately. Don't count on it.

Study, study, study.

My father, a neurotic immigrant, used to say, "Son, get it in your head and keep it there. They can't take it away from you then.'

To come to the law, you must come with the view that you are going to have a wild and passionate love affair in the

quest for justice. Sometimes, that quest will seem to make you a Sir Galahad in search of the Holy Grail of Justice on a crippled horse. But that should only make you

work the more. Nothing is going to be given to you. You will have to take it and take it on the terms of those who won't give it otherwise.

through and recruiting. And keep this in mind. Minorities in PAULETTE MC MILLAN this country are incapable of making a successful revolution, no matter what the Black-is-Beautiful dreamers may tell you.

Any revolution in which there will be survivors, must be an intellectual one. So, social change through the law, is perhaps the only way to do it. We need you young radicals and conservatives to change the legal profession, so that it can bring about the change this con-

Black Workshop "If I Can't Change It, It Won't Change Me"

by Fred Armentrout

Joe Flemming said it, but he seemed to American society. Like DeCosta, she how hard it is to learn what law schools attributed the status of New York want, Mingo claimed Columbia has an express the conviction of virtually all Law's three member Black student panelists in the Black's Workshop of SICC's recent Minority Law Con-that 'We studied together we halved that "We studied together. We helped ference: "The law is a tool, it's the individual and what he does with it that

As she explained it, half of the junior counts. I made up my mind from the class has dropped or failed, and, start that if I can't change it, it won't change me." Flemming is a law reinforcing her claim that Blacks must hold their own, she claimed, "When we student at New York University Law School. He was joined by fellow Black law students Clarence Norman (St. to join us (white students). That was the first semester. Next semester, with John's), Brian Mingo (Columbia), the three of us at the top of our class, Paulette McMillan and Ben DeCosta (both New York Law School), and they all wanted to join." Also like DeCosta, McMillan is on a special SICC's own Dean Harris in an attempt | admissions screening committee for to clarify the Black role in law schools. minority entrance. After expressing his pleasure over a

class full of some 60 to 70 interested JOE FLEMMING Blacks who had come from all points of

the City, a pleasure he typified as, "a "Since the first time I saw Perry new phenomenon, a group of Blacks gathered together and knowing we will bein law school in numbers," Dean an attorney. Flemming graduated from an attorney. Flemming graduated from Harris turned the floor over to the NYU with a major in Political Science panelists who were asked for a and minor in English. Typifying his background sketch ("where did you entrance as an undergraduate as come from, how did you get into having taken place "in that one year of 1968-69 when they admitted us wild niggers as well as safe Blacks,' Flemming argued that grade im-DeCosta, a Queens College graduate, provements in his last semester and his who transferred from Engineering into numerous outside activities with Physics, worked for three years with an educational support programs designed engineering firm before entering law. As he put it, "my prospects were not too to draw in community students helped good as I had about a 2.3 grade point, although with the change to Physics I overshadow his 2.5 grade point index..."but I called them," he claimed held over a "B" in my last two years." in explaining that entrance into law schools is not easy. He had scored about 500 on his LSAT

plications, DeCosta takes a special BRIAN MINGO

"We can now eat with them, we just pride in his third year status as an can't afford it. Let's face it, this is a evening student with New York Law. Near the top of his class and a can didate for Law Review, he attributed his success, in part, to the fact that Columbia's law school. Mingo, a Phi "There are only 3 of us (Blacks in his Beta Kappa graduate of Colgate, who class at New York Law). We are no majored in Political Science, claimed threat to anyone, so there is no active his interest in law is based on its funceffort to flunk us or decide against in tion in a "credentialled" society. borderline cases. Also, beyond

Unlike several other panel members who had, in one way or another, become 'politicized" prior to law school entry, Mingo claimed his political awakening came, "when I walked into that first class of white folks and saw they had no respect for niggers in the law."

Claiming that law school has done its A graduate of Oregon's Pacific best to, "strip him of his values," University, in Psychology, McMillan Mingo claimed that some students worked for the CBS Personnel cannot even take the time to read a Department and, later was an assistant newspaper and average 4 to 5 hours to the First Deputy Mayor of New York, sleep per night.

before entering law school. Elaborating on an earlier comment "We've got to face it, there are no by DeCosta, "What you must unmore breaks for us. We must compete derstand is that the law school and we must be equal or better than curriculum is irrelevant to Black whites," was her view of the Black people," Mingo claimed,"We are there dilemma in law schools and throughout to learn what they want." Explaining on law.

optional "pass-fail" grade system..."of 130 students that entered under the ip with a 77.' pass-fail, 13 of us are left.' NYU's Joe Flemming, elaborating on

There is a certain brand of elitism practiced by some successful Black attorneys, claimed Mingo, ''They forget their roots.'' Echoing Flemming's comments, Mingo said that, "In the end, it is how you perceive yourself that counts, there are many 'Negroes' who aspire to Wall Street." Mingo also suggested that a subtle emasculation of Black men is taking place in that, 'Black women give them a double minority; the institution gets two for one." He claimed that, as a consequence, Black women get jobs more easily than men

CLARENCE NORMAN

"Law school is easy, it's exams that are hard," is the way St. John's student Clarence Norman characterized the difficulties of being a law student. A graduate of Howard University, with a major in Political Science and Economics, Norman described his LSAT test scores as low. A 3.5 grade index in his final three years at Howard made him eligible for "9 or 10 schools", he claimed. Explaining his choice of St. John's, he claimed that you forego prestige when you know

Blacks in my first year there, one is warned that the phrasing on left. Four had to repeat three courses plications is important and urged inand two passed with 73.5 averages. Of terested students to take advantage of seven who came in September, four are the counselling services offered by the already gone." As Norman explains, St. Legal Defense fund. John's uses a grade "curve" to keep the

Norman's statement, claimed that the

ossible hostile professors "peek" and

grade accordingly.

Panelists also suggested students pass rate difficult: "If the bulk of the apply to all law schools; do so early for class does well, the curve goes down,' schools in other states and Raoul e claimed. As an example, he noted a Carroll advised that "once you're in voman student who's raw score was 88, law school, the money isn't as hard to after the curve was applied, she ended find as you may think".

Moneyed Class

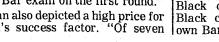
policy of law school's is anonymous continued from page 4 rading may not always be 'anonymous,'' and suggested it is

"they'll filter out your blackness, your Puerto Rican heritage. When they get you down to basics, then they'll make a lawyer out of you.

There was some discussion of the Private practice is different, he contended: "You have to be a bit of a DeFunis case threat (see page one story). Most panelists agreed that what rebel. You get what comes in the door. ew inroads have been made into law t's an insecure life, but a good life. I schools would be squelched by an un-favorable decision "and," added find I'm more in contact with myself, and it's a never-ending learning Flemming, "you have to understand process, which I like." The only rule there are fewer Black lawyers than D'Halloran adheres to is: "You take the there are physicians in this counclient not the case," he said. ry...and you know how hard it is to find

"Why is it that a divorce only Black physician." In answer to an requires about \$75 in paper-work, yet audience challenge on the issue of they are so very expensive?" a student specialization into Business Law, a field the panel was clearly biased asked. O'Halloran admitted frankly, as is his manner, that divorces are "the against, Flemming claimed he saw biggest cream-off in the business." nothing wrong with it, depending on

"You don't get rich working for the what one did with it. "Business is a part of everyday life," an audience member city," said Alan Moss, an assistant challenged, small Black businesses corporation counsel with the City of must grow. They need help with tax New York, "not unless you wind up named in an indictment." Moss said laws and other legal problems.' DeCosta agreed, but retorted that this that a lot of lawyers go into public service looking for a sinecure and find also holds true for what he characand 52 percent of St. John's students pass the Bar exam on the first round." Norman also depicted a high price for St. John's success factor. "Of seven it, but for others, he added - those





Representatives from several New York Law Schools join Dean Henry Harris for Black Workshops

Page 6

Authors' Panel

continued from page l

"My daughter just published a book - "Nora's Tale — about the creation of the world by a formale." "Some writers lock themselves into a single style," said Vonnegut. He mentioned Hemingway as an example. thought it was. They tell you differently — they say there is a little bit of bad in all of us, etc. But I never believed that." 'How about Roth's attempts to turn himself into a minor novelist," in-terjected Davis. "I admire what he's

Sam Toporoff wanted to get back to doing," said Vonnegut. the subject. "Success must be a tremendous responsibility?" he asked Vonnegut. The author of "Cat's Cradle" and "Slaughterhouse Five" answered newspaper editors. Sam Toporoff took burden than not being successful.

"I have this crazy notion that writers | autographs.



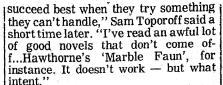
photo by Dale Prusinowski

Birenbaum Keynotes College Unions

Staten Island Community College | representing college unions from every senior colleges and 8,557 (69.5 per cent) President William M. Birenbaum will part of North America. Speakers who will follow President

give the keynote address when the 51st annual conference of the Association of College Unions-International meets next week in Toronto, Canada.

Dr. Birenbaum's discussion on "The Relationship Between the Educational | Crookston, professor of education at the Institution and Society" on Monday morning will officially open a program of 32 theme seminars for the delegates



CUNY Study on Retention continued from page l - Almost seven out of every ten

students (69.5 per cent) who entered CUNY in September 1970 were enrolled during Spring 1972, the fourth semester since their original enrollment;

in- entered with averages below 70 were enrolled in the fourth semester; 80 per cent of those with 80 or better averages were enrolled at that time;

somewhat vaguely, saying something about success being a lot less of a attitudes" toward education. Afterwards Kurt Vonnegut signed colleges and 18.9 per cent in the community colleges.

Translating the percentages into numbers of individual students, of the 33,412 matriculated freshmen included in the study who began at CUNY in the Fall of 1970;

- 19,279 were admitted to senior colleges and 14,133 were admitted to community colleges;

-21,026 (62.9 per cent) were present for all four semesters without interruption; 13,766 (71.4 per cent) in the senior colleges and 7,260 (51.4 per cent) in the community colleges;

— of the students who left their college during the first three semesters, 2,185 transferred to another CUNY college or re-enrolled in their rates.) original college by the fourth semester; - 23,211 students (69.5 per cent of those who entered in September 1970) were present in the Spring 1972 semester: 14,654 (76 per cent) in the in the community colleges

NATIONAL AND CUNY DATA Birenbaum during the course of the conference include Robert S. Prit-chard, founder and president of the In an effort to provide some measure of what their study indicates, in terms Panamerican Association; Burns B. of CUNY's retention rate status nationally, Lavin and Silberstein provided a comparative chart. Following is their description of procedures and the results of their The News Ferry

One of the difficulties concerning the interpretation of CUNY retention data is that no commonly accepted standards exist which define a "high" or a "low" rate. One way of approaching this question is to compare CUNY data with findings at the national level. Thus, a "high" rate could be defined as any figure exceeding the national rate, and a low rate would be any figure less than the national rate.

The most recent national data have been presented by Astin (1). This study followed a national group of students who entered college as freshmen in the Fall of 1966. For this group, one year fall of 1966. For this group, one year follow-up data were collected in the Fall of 1967, and four year follow-up data were obtained during the Fall and Winter of 1970-71. This second follow-up occurred four years after original enrollment. Thus, the students in this group who attended four year colleges, if they were "on schedule", would have been graduated in June (1970).

Astin does not present retention data for the same time period, four semesters, covered in this report on the group that entered in 1970. He provides data describing retention and degree attainment through eight semesters. While the time periods are not the same, it may be useful to compare the two sets of data: such comparisons provide an assessment of the degree to which the CUNY four semester retention data approach the eight semester threshold provided by the national data. (Of course, CUNY is not a "typical" university. Compared with students nationally, its student body has characteristics (lower socioeconomic status, etc.) which are

more likely to result in lower retention

The comparisons show that the four semester CUNY net retention rates are considerably higher than the eight semester national rates. The significance of this is that the CUNY group can withstand considerably more attrition before it approaches the national eight semester threshold.

High School Average	2 Yr. Colleges Natl.	CUNY
80 plus	46	68
75-79	41	67
70-74	31	60
-70	29	55

Wollin Joins SICC As Education Consultant

Maurice Wollin. former district pointment, Dr. Birenbaum said: "The superintendent of public schools on college has completed several Staten Island, will join the staff at cooperative agreements with local Staten Island Community College as Special Consultant to the President for Community Education, Dr. William M. Birenbaum, president of the college, announced last week.

Having served the schools in Staten Island over the past thirteen years, the background and scope of Mr. Wollin's public service are well known to most Islanders. He first worked on the Island as an academic department head at McKee High School in 1945-46, and returned in 1960 as assistant supervisor. With decentralization five years later, Mr. Wollin became the Island's first district superintendent. His resignation from this post last January 31st capped a career of deep engagement in elementary and secondary education on Staten Island a career which earned him widespread respect for his openness, receptivity to new ideas, personal strength and diplomacy.

In annour	ncing Mr. Woll	in's ap-
High School Average	4 Yr. Colleges Natl.	CUNY
80 plus	63	82
75-79	48	72
70-74	38	69
70	38	63
114	W STOOD A MEG	na standar og sje Grander og sjere

HOW SICC RATES

Beyond the national comparison chart and a comparison of community colleges and senior colleges, the Lavin-Silberstein study is broken down into two groupings and twelve tables of data. The first group records the retention and "net" retention rates of individual colleges ("net" is the adjusted rate to account for students who 'stopped out" and returned by the fourth semester). The second group of tables records the fourth semester "return rate" of each college. Each grouping has a "totals" table and one table for each of the five high school record categories used in the college system (see chart with this story under Guide to Tables").

To account for inclusion of inter-CUNY transfers, the study allocates transferred students to the college of original entry. As such, the table totals represent the number of actual students recorded by a given college's Registrar plus those tracked by computer as transferred to another CUNY unit. Unlike the "stop out" rate, no attempt was made to indicate what each rate of transfer would be. continued on page 8

Alumni Notes by Ed Gray

Concerning Purchase Power: This very important buying function with substantial savings to the con-sumer has never been developed here at the college but the Alumni Association is in contact with representatives of the company in Manhattan. A visit to the college by the

Tuesday, March 26, 1974

is daily being invited to expand its services on this front. Maurice Wollin is one of the wisest educators in New York, and he is just the right man to help us reach out and perfect more comprehensive educational op-portunities for all of our people in the community.'

Beginning his new assignment this month, Mr. Wollin said: "I have often cooperative agreements with local schools aimed at creating a great continuity and logic in the overall spoken of my resignation in January as a new beginning, rather than an end. I educational opportunities of the borough's young people. At the same college and the renewal of my close time, our continuing and adult alliance with many friends and co-education activities have almost workers on the Island." doubled in the last year, and the college

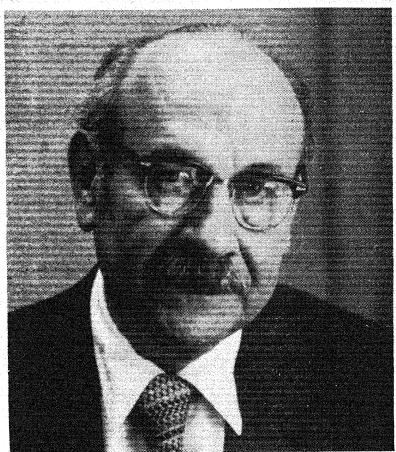
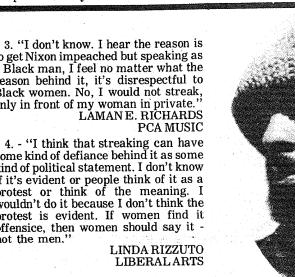


photo by Randy Mc Grath

Maurice Wollin will join the S.I.C.C. faculty as the community education consultant.





comparison study:

to get Nixon impeached but speaking as a Black man, I feel no matter what the reason behind it, it's disrespectful to Black women. No, I would not streak, only in front of my woman in private." LAMAN E. RICHARDS 4. - "I think that streaking can have

some kind of defiance behind it as some kind of political statement. I don't know if it's evident or people think of it as a protest or think of the meaning. I wouldn't do it because I don't think the protest is evident. If women find it offensice, then women should say it not the men.

NHAT DU YUU THINK IS THE **REASON BEHIND STREAKING?** WOULD YOU DO IT?

1. "The reason behind streaking is a good one. We want Nixon to get his ass out of office. I do think that a lot of repressed people such as exhibitionists and really liberated people are doing it just for the fun of it. I would like to do it but it might jeopardize my standings. But I might still do it when it gets warm.

FRANCO MARTINEZ LIBERAL ARTS

2. "People need the attention of other people and this seems to be the contemporary way of getting it. This fad, like most others will die sooner the better. Would I streak?-Sorry-NO!" JOANNE LISI NURSING

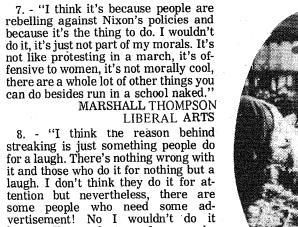


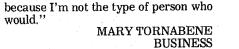
2.

Indecent Exposure By Lewis Zlotnick

6.

6. - "Years ago a big thing was swallowing gold fish, piling people in phone booths. Now, the big thing is streaking. I have no idea what the reason for doing this, but it sure draws attention. I wouldn't do it." PEGGY HUGHES LIBERAL ARTS





would.'

8 10. - "Definitely a move of th younger generation to get back to nature. I mean, we just don't hav anything to hide (like some people wh are in the public eye) any more and it' about time we got it together. Would do it? Sure, why not. It might even ge to be a habit."

streak but not right now."

KEN PEDERSON MECH. TECH.

10.

company is planned for the near future in order to explain the details and set in 5. - "I think the people want a change motion a program of buying goods and services at a reduced rate in hopes of and they're doing it just for spite. In the beginning it was nothing. But everyone made a big deal out of it. It's no big helping students meet the high economic burden that so many are thing, we shouldn't be ashamed of the enduring during these inflationary human body. If everyone streaked it times in which we live. wouldn't be that good. We would be too

Some information concerning Puraccustomed to it. I would definitely chase Power includes the operating of four hundred member over ANONYMOUS organizations (consumer groups) representing more than three million consumers, the policy being to try to get the lowest price and the highest quality possible.

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Before you buy a new car, carefully consider exactly what you'll be using it for and the type of driving you'll be doing; then determine the accessories you'll need. You'll save a great deal of money by just eliminating those shiny gadgets that you don't really need. Also, consider the weather conditions where you live and drive.

Consider only an itemized signed contract as a credible price quote, whether from our cooperating dealers or some other dealer. Most dealers will quote a low, enticing price in order to get you to come back. To insure reliable services and consumer protection, Purchase Power investigates dealers as to their reliability and service.

For additional information, contact Mr. Ed Gray in the Box Office between the hours of 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.





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9. - "I don't know what the reason behind it is, it comes and it goes, and I definitely wouldn't do it. I treasure my body too much to show everyone.' GRETCHA HARRIS NURSING

Tuesday, March 26, 1974

3-Year B.A. Hearings

commucu from page l	Each student selects an opt
Skills Seminar I	or her area of concentration
Skills Seminar II	option should be built around
Skills Seminar III	defined area studies and
The Human Species	
Human Environment	10cuseu on a unierent torm,
8-12 courses	or learning environment. At
Human Environment 5.0 8-12 courses 50 3.1 terms off-campus 30-10	here conceived in general
Thesis	-1
Thesis	snould be interdisciplinary,
Evaluating Seminar	involve many (if not mos

of three stages: Orientation, Concentration, and Synthesis. The aim of the first stage is to develop awareness of self and of the individual's world, skills necessary to a successful educational experience, and knowledge of the human species and human environment. The aim of the second stage is to develop knowledge and ability in a concentrated area of study. The aim of others

Orientation consists of a two-week introductory period, a ten-week unit, and a two-week conference period. The during Concentration. Normally a two week introductory period is devoted to group work with a limited number of students under the guidance of a faculty adviser. Discussion will cover the purposes of the baccalaureate program and its procedures. Tests, to be administered during the two-week conference period, will be distributed at this time; these tests will attempt to evaluate basic competencies in reading and communication, general social science, and scientific-mathematic concepts.

The ten-week unit of the first stage of the program continues the Developmental Seminar and presents the Skills Seminar I, The Human Species, and Human Environment. During the two week conference period each student who has not previously done so will demonstrate basic competencies as defined elsewhere and, in conference with an adviser, will work out a contract for his or her educational program during Concentration. Basic competencies may be demonstrated anytime during the preceding ten-week period, but they must be demonstrated before the student embarks on the second stage of the program Proficiency Seminars (or work at the Skills Center) will be available for students who have not adequately shown an ability to proceed into Concentration

The contract, the heart of a student's course of study under the baccalaureate program, outlines a student's goals and the means to achieve those goals. Through the contract, students elect an option, indicate which courses in that option will be pursued as well as which courses in other options or in the regular college programs will be pursued, and state what internships and what other offcampus experiences are expected to be included. The contract will present, at a minimum, a tentative general outline of the student's educational expectations and specify clearly the work to be *trations*. pursued during the first two terms of *Certai* Concentration. With the help of an adviser, a student may modify this contract later. The aim of the contract is to set up a program of study which should enable the student to attain his or her educational goals as determined during the first part of the Develop mental Seminar. Concentration consists of seven tenweek and six one-week inter sessions. a total of 76 weeks. These 76 weeks are planned as a continuous sequence throughout the calendar year, although specific contracts and individual students may plan interruptions within that sequence Students are expected to include in their contracts a minimum of four terms of on-campus study and one full term of either internships or other offcampus, non-classroom experience On-campus study includes courses, seminars, symposia, colloquia, and independent study. Internships are those practical situations, on- or offcampus, which place students in positions employing specific skills or knowledge for which they have been trained and which are integrated with his view of the latest campus fad as an on- or an off-campus course or seminar. Other kinds of off-campus experiences are travel to nonactivities whether through employment everybody has the urge to streak in Metropolitan areas, cross-cultural or through nonpaid services (as with them." various social agencies in the City or i foreign countries), pertinent off campus work experiences, and in dependent activities off-campus which are related to a student's educational goals. All internships and off-campus experiences offered for credit toward a baccalaureate degree must be approved through student contracts. Credit for internships and off-campus experiences, to a maximum of 10 per term, will be determined in consultation of the student, the faculty adviser, and the student's Coordinating Committee. It should be specifically noted that various life experiences prior to a student's enrolling in the baccalaureate program may be credited toward off-campus experience. Such credit will be processed by the student's Coordinating Committee. specific course The only requirements during Concentration for students in the program are Developmental Seminars II and III and Skills Seminars II and III continued from Orientation. Both seminars will attempt to draw from and integrate with courses which the students are taking concurrently. During the second term both seminars will include discussion of internships and off-campus experiences, attempting to prepare students to pursue this phase of their education more profitably during terms 3 through 7. Accordingly, regular students enrolled in the baccalaureate program will be on-campus during terms 1 and 2 of Concentration; they will be able to pursue internships or off campus experiences during terms 3 through 7.

ach student selects an option for his	terristers
her area of concentration. Each	
ion should be built around clearly	1
ined area studies and should be	
used on a different form, approach,	
learning environment. An option is	
e conceived in general terms: it	
uld be interdisciplinary; it should	
lve around a "theme"; it should	
olve many (if not most) of the	
ndard disciplines. The term	

The baccalaureate program consists f three stages: Orientation of the and is replaced by the concept of the contract. Specific options and specific courses in each option to be offered should be decided upon by the faculty engaged in the program with the help of the Committee on a Baccalaureate Program. Typical options might be: The Human Species, Human Environment, The Individual, The Community, Order and Disorder, Technology and Society, etc. Even the third stage is to synthesize the tually about five specific courses for various experiences of the student to each term for each specific option date and to create an opportunity for should be offered; some revision may the sharing of these experiences with of course, be required as the program progresses

> There are no specific requirements for graduation in courses pursued student pursues two courses in each term spent on campus, to a total minimum of eight courses and maximum of twelve. Cross-option experience is urged, and the program is flexible enough for students to take courses from the regular college offerings

> Synthesis consists of two ten-week periods. In the first each student em-barks on a thesis or project or other culminating activity to demonstrate knowledge and abilities in his or her concentrated area of study. During this period the students will confer

frequently with their advisers, and the successful completion of the work o this period will be determined by the Coordinating Committee. A once-a week two-hour meeting of all students will be held as determined by the advisers and students involved, to discuss students' progress. The second ten week period requires residence or campus (with only infrequent exceptions which must be approved by the Coordinating Committee) and offers two seminars: Synthesis of the Educational Experience, the aim of which is to bring together students whose various experiences will integrate with and help inform the experiences of others in the group, and Evaluation of the Educational Ex perience, the aim of which is to guide students to an evaluation of themselves and their educational experiences under the baccalaureate program, to embark them upon meaningful activity after graduation, and to assess the program itself. continued on page 8

Some call it a put-on, others see it as a mockery of authority and one Manhattan psychologist went so far as to attribute it to the energy crisis-since kids no longer have the gas to go parking, they streak to release sexual frus-

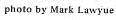
Intl. Week: Haitian Dance Troupe

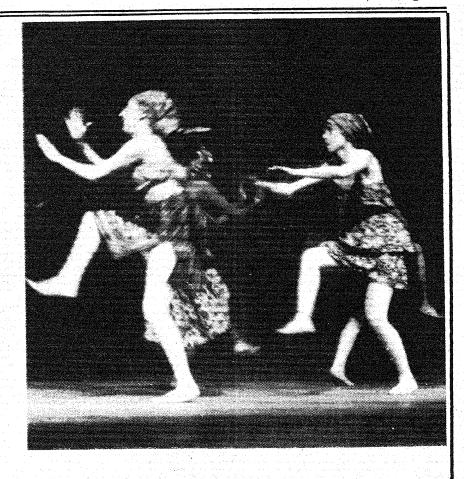
The News Ferry



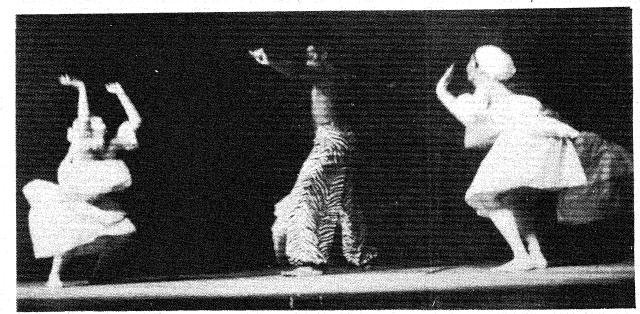
An ethnic cultural experience was felt throughout the Staten Island Community College campus last week when the International Festival Week program, sponsored jointly by the International Students **Club and the International Students Program** Office, got under way. The Greek, Arab, German, Haitian, Cuban, and African cultural happenings consisted of dance, film, song, and even international foods.

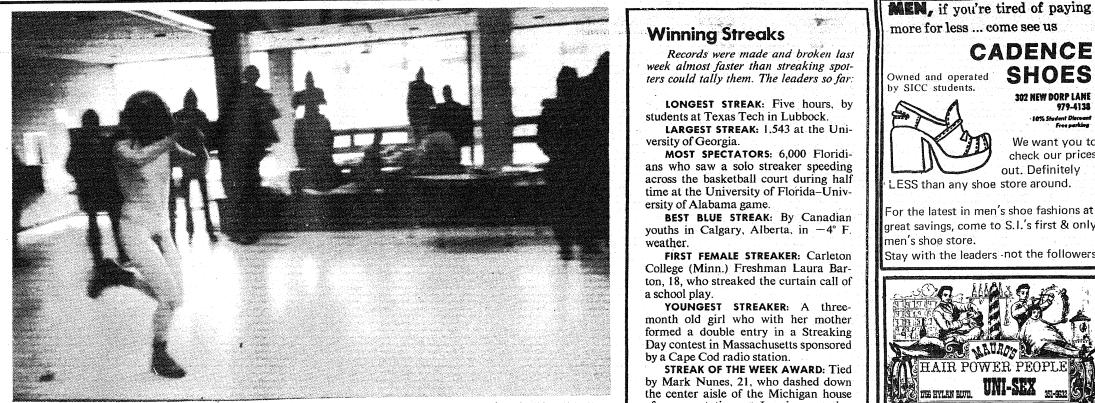
The event's sponsors say their program had 2 purposes: to further the awareness of the different cultures; and to create an atmosphere of mutual understanding and tolerance toward the struggles of different peoples around the world who are seeking their own identities.





Events ran from Monday through Friday. During the week, Staten Island artists, Sy and Janet Lurie, led a teach-in on the folk dance; the International House Dance Troupe performed folk classics of the different cultures; and on Friday, an International Food Fair offered to tempt the palate.





Page 7

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Certainly, it's not strictly a Big Apple phenomen - one streaker ran through the Michigan House of Representatives to the horror of assembled legislators. It happens in Rutland, Vermont which has never been known for "with-itness"; one daring soul tried it in Calgary, Alberta in a minus 2 degree climate, but it is not yet a wide-spread

trend in Siberia. But whatever those in-the-know attribute it to, it has come to Staten Island Community College no less than elsewhere. Last week, a student in all his unclothed glory made a mad dash through the Student Lounge to the delight of some and the horror of others. The streakers contend that they announced the show beforehand and none were forced to watch, if it did in fact offend anyone.

One Syracuse University freshman who romped around the campus in sneakers and a wristwatch summed up follows: "Today was a good day to let yourself go. You feel like a flower taking off its winter clothes. Deep down,

photo by Abe Rezny Streaking: The Rites of Spring

of representatives at Lansing, wearing only boots and a ski mask, and the two St. Louis students who barreled au naturel through the front entrance and out the back door of the Penrose district police station.

(Time Magazine, March 12, 1974)



Page 8

Dolphin track & field team, led by

winning season. This year's team con-

sists of several seasoned veterans com-

bined with the prospects of a crop of

standing in the program; to review each student's graduation credits; to

recommend students for graduation to

the faculty; and to hear and act upon

matters brought to its attention by

faculty or students. The Coordinating

Committee for each option will consist

its specific factors. Other members of

the faculty of the program will be those

The faculty should represent the

humanistic, social science, natural

program, be capable of serving in

advisory capacities, and have a broad

educational and occupational

background. Equivalencies for faculty

regular college faculty members have

been worked out. It is expected also

that, later, a faculty member can work

baccalaureate program and the regular

asked to join the faculty, working in

close connection with a member of the

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paper?

mathematical,

and

residential portion of Synthesis.

Coach Najim Jabbar anticipates a

talented newcomers

Tuesday, March 26, 1974

Jabbar Has Hopes For "Fleet-footed" Dolphins

by Kevin Lawrie

In anticipation of the forthcoming outdoor track and field season, coach Najim Jabbar and SICC's crew of "fleet-footed Dolphins have set to work at developing ghemselves into a quite diversified and talented squad. As one member eagerly stated; "I think that we'll be putting it together this season — we have some strong athletes with a - we have some strong athletes with a desire to compete."

Although, however talented, Coach Although, however talented, Coach has ran the 100 yards in a respectable Jabbar feels that in order to place high 10.3; Lou Burgos, who will be trying out in the regional standings more depth is his own new fiberglass pole in the needed in the team. Last year, for vaulting events, and is a likely prospect example, SICC finished the season with a mere seven man team; comparatively for ten feet this season; Jerry Frisby, less than some of the other teams on the who this season holds a more than playing schedule, such as State U. at likely chance of dominating the javelin Farmingdale and Suffolk County event in the city and possibly the Community College, who both fielded region; Tom Ludwicki, a shop putter squads numbering approximately 30 in who is expected to have a good season; number. This year's team as of now and newcomers John Manginelli, consists of fourteen athletes, a figure somewhat higher than last year's.

tell" Returning this year are six veterans, all of whom have established themselves in past years as strong comout the team are several experienced high school tracksters competing for the first time on the college level, as well as a few hopeful prospects who are relatively new to the sport. "This combination of talent", stated one athlete, "could be our formula for winning this year".

The Dolphin team this season is headed by veteran Dennis Hansen, a strong, solid and extremely versitile competitor who has participated in virtually all phases of track and field competition from such events as shot put, discus and broad jump to running sprints and relays.

Also returning this year is last season's top distance runner, Louis Bonzant. Known as one of the top milers in the city, Benzant in the past has clocked 4:34 for this event; a mark which he aspires to improve upon this season. Benzant also competes in the three mile event.

Competing with Benzant in the distance events will be Fred Vega, SICC's leading cross country runner this past season, and the man to beat in the three mile event; and Steve Chambers, a veteran of last season's crew, a strong, steady runner and an asset in complimenting the Dolphin's distance events.

which is complimented by the potential, the fact that there hasn't been enough of freshman Lorenzo Safont who also competes in field events, high jump and team to afford the comfort of safe, updated landing equipment for pole vaulters and high jumpers. The landing equipment now being used has lost its broad jump. Mulligan, who Coach Jabbar refers to as a "strong and smart quality with old age and is a hazzard to athletes forced to use it. Last year a Queensboro pole vaulter was injured as

hopefuls include Nelson Vega, a sprinter who in high school competition

it..."administrators put a higher value on economy than student interest. They don't seem to realize that we must have a safe environment for our athletes as well as those from other schools" Despite problems such as small teams and poor facilities, Coach Najim

a result of these outdated facilities. and

was rushed to a hospital. Coach Jabbar's

resuest for new landing mats has been

declined in the past for, as he puts

Jabbar claims that the maintainance of collegiate athletics on this level is very important, for as according to him -"These young men express themselves through athletics. They try their best to

The team's optimism, however, is represent themselves and their schools, overshadowed by a problem that has and that's all that matters to them. To petitors in city competition. Rounding plagued SICC track and field teams in me that's winning.



recent seasons as well, and that is the Another source of strength in the lack of ample facilities needed to un-Dolphin attack lies in returning hur-diers Tom Mulligan and Kevin Lacy, program at SICC. This problem lies in

2nd rate of return.

4TH SEMESTER RETURN RATE

Table 7: Class Totals...3rd in number

of attrited students; 2nd total returns;

Retention Rates

continued from page 6

Table 8: Level B Students...5th Following is a "rank" breakdown of number attrited; 5th total returns; 3rd SICC's statistical status relative to the rate of return. other six community colleges listed in Table 9: Level A Students...2nd





third season of competitive tennis at SICC, we are looking forward hopefully to continued success in the NJCAA Berstell. tournament. In its two years of existence the tennis team has John and Arthur, from the well known established quite an impressive tennis playing family on Staten Island record. We have had the privilege of will also be adding strength to the team. winning the regional singles tournament for two years in succession, and qualified on both occasions for the National Junior College Tournament in season Ocala, Florida. At the close of the 1972

Among the other players competing season, we were unable to attend the for team places we have three women, competing alongside the men. The first Nationals. However, it was my good fortune to take two students (Randell of this group is Mary Evers, an ex-Berstell and John Femenella) to the remely determined, competitive and tournament at the end of the 1973 killful player, very well know in Staten season. On that occasion, SICC was one Island tennis circles and hopeful of of the two teams representing region becoming one of the top players in the XV, and although we were unsuccessful in competition against such East. Secondly, Susan Anderson, who in her first semester at SICC, has indistinguished tennis-playing schools as Mesa College, Arizona; Odessa Junior licated her strength as a tennis player. College, Texas and Central Texas College, our students gave an extremely good account of themselves, both as ambes stors of SICC and also in national competition generally.

Perhaps the greatest loss to the team this season will be Randall Berstell who was indefeated in the regional singles and who is at present a student at Cortland College in the State University system. Randy is working hard toward a B.A. degree in Physical Education, but still enjoys success in competition representing his college in the number 2 position. However, interest in team tennis continues to grow, and this season we have 20 students competing for places on the team.

Mitchell Gerber, a freshman from As yet at SICC there is no official Mutchell Gerber, a treshman Irom Canarsie High School in Brooklyn, is a strong contender for the number 1 position. A strong and powerful player two was rated 6th in the Metropolitan High School Tournament, Mitchell combines his powerful style with in-telligent use of the court. He has a elligent use of the court. He has a students capable of playing in serious orceful forehand and an accurate two- competition against other women's handed backhand, but in spite of his teams in the region, as indicated by the very good ground strokes, his service three strong contenders for the men's should be his greatest asset. Hopefully, tea. In practice at the present time, Mitchell will fill the space left by there are eight women students, who are very enthusiastic and who are

looking forward to playing in unofficial The hard-hitting Femenella brothers, competition against the colleges. Hopefully, this will provide the motivation necessary for regular official competition and the recruitment This will be Arthur's first season of of a women's tennis coach. competitive tennis at SICC, while John **OVERVIEW OF TENNIS AT SICC** occupied the number 2 position last

Interest in the game of tennis has rown to such an extent as SICC that ntroductory courses offered by the Physical Education Department are very often filled in the first few days of registration; both for Day and Evening chool sessions. This enthusiasm has

ed to numerous requests from students for additional courses at a more advanced level. Serious consideration is now being given to student requests by the department, and hopefully, in the not

In the Metropolitan Júnior College too distant future, intermediate and)pen Tournament at Kingsborough last advanced tennis classes will be offered women's singles and partnered John for those students who might benefit Femenella to win mixed doubles. most from such instruction. The latter Susan, who played number 1 singles for group of students might well furnish the

her high school team at Tottenville, is college team. In addition to student requests, there also well known as an up-and-coming tennis star on Staten Island. Thirdly, have also been faculty and staff Barbara Esmilla, in her second season requests for tennis instruction. The of competitive tennis at SICC and who innovative idea which will be introduced was the only woman student to qualify by the department next semester in-for the men's team last season, con-volves making available the gyminues to make tremendous progress, nasium and outdoor facilities to faculty Since she started as a beginner in one of and staff who wish to take part in the tennis courses offered by the physical activity. This should provide department of Physical Education, an excellent opportunity for all Barbara is now a model to "would-be members of the college community to women's tennis players at SICC."

Stenotype - Court Reporting

Positions for court reporters are Fee \$185.00-Thursdays, 6:30-10:30 vailable at a variety of institutions, p.m. Goal: 200 words-minute. Speed will be

esides the courts-large corporations, insurance companies, government most important aspect of this semester, gencies, advertising agencies, district with emphasis on four and five voice attorney's offices, law firms, etc. To testimony, medical testimony, jury meet this need, the Continuing charges, Education Department will offer an legal 'Question & Answer", wills legal documents, pre-trial examinations and all other aspects vening program for those interested in dealing with matters a court reporter becoming court reporters. The rogram will start Thursday, April 11 must know. The program will be divided into

hree semesters of six months each. Its inal objective is to train students to ecord 200 words-minute. A student may, however, complete only one or two semesters of the program depending upon the individual's speed zoal.

The complete program consists of 300 nours of classroom instruction. In addition, each student will be expected o study 10 hours-week at home, for a total of 1,050 hours of work over the 18 months.

No one who is not highly motivated to complete the program should apply. The rewards of court reporting are **Real Estate** The rewards of court reporting are good, in financial terms as well as a certain amount of work-when-youwant, but the student must have the energy and will to achieve the status of court reporter. The homework, for example, is a necessity.

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weeks

Upon completion of the course and testing of the student, the student will be given a certificate by the College certifying the student's capabilities. Qualified students will then be ready to take the tests offered by the State and City for Criminal Court, Civil Court, Family Court and other lower courts of New York State.

reporter might be asked to record

conservations dealing with a variety of

professions. 3. Typing is not absolutely necessary—

there are court reporters who do not

know how to type, since many reporters

dictate their notes and refer them to

typists or else give their notes to note

Requirements: 1. A student must be at least 17 years old and a high school graduate.

the study (Manhattan, Bronx, Hostos, number attrited; 2nd total returns; 2nd Kingsborough, NYCCC, Queensboro): rate of return.

Table 1: Totals, Retention & Net | Table 10: Regular 1 Students...3rd Retention...SICC ranked 4th in number attrited; 4th total returns; 5th number of matriculated students; 4th rate of return. in total present for all four semesters; 5th in refention rate; 4th in total present for fourth semester and 5th in net rate of return. retention rate.

Table 2: Level B Students...5th in number; 6th in total present for four semesters; 6th in retention rate; 6th in total present fourth semester and 6th in net retention rate.

Table 3: Level A Students...4th in number; 5th total present, four semesters; 6th retention rate; 3rd total present fourth semester; 4th net retention rate.

Table 4: Regular 1 Students...3rd in number; 4th total present, four semesters; 5th retention rate; 4th total present fourth semester and 6th net retention rate.

Table 5: Regular 2 Students ... 2nd in number; 1st in total present four semesters; 4th retention rate; 1st total present fourth semester; 3rd net retention rate.

Table 6: No H.S. Average Known ... 2nd and "stop outs" present for fourth in number; 4th in total present four semester. Figures do not include semesters; 3rd retention rate; 3rd total students who transferred from day to present fourth semester and 2nd net evening session classes or students who retention rate.

Table 11: Regular 2 Students...2nd number attrited; 1st total returns; 2nd

Table 12: No H.S. Average Known...2nd number attrited; 3rd total returns; 2nd rate of return. **CUNY FIGURES SUMMARY**

Following is a breakdown of the CUNY-wide figures recorded in the study:

NET RETENTION Senior Community

CUNY Colleges Colleges All Students 69.5 76.0 60.5 II. 80% + 80.6 81.9 68.3 111.75-79.9 % 70.0 72.2 66.7 V.70-74.9 % 63.0 68.8 60.1 . Less than 70 % 57.6 63.3 55.4

Includes students in continuous attendance for four semesters, plus transfers from other CUNY colleges transferred out of the CUNY system.

Tot. Present Retention Tot. Present NET Retent. Tot. Matric. 4th Semester Rate All 4 Sem. Rate 2165 1041 48.1 1304 60.2 466 2. 202 43.3 240 51.5 3. 625 306 367 49.0 58.7 4. 465 278 59.8 310 66.7 5. 308 185 60.1 219 71.1 6. 301 70 23.3 168 55.8 Attrited Total Returns 4th Sem. Students Pres. 4th Sem. Return Rate 7. 1124 263 23.4 8. 264 38 14.4 319 9. 61 19.1

SICC Retention Chart: Fall 1970 Freshman Class

10. 187 32 17.111. 123 34 27.6 98 12. 231 42.4 GUIDE TO TABLES 1&7: College Totals

2&8: Community College "level B" students, or those with high school (CAA) averages below 70

3&9: Community College "level A" students, or those with high school (CAA) averages of 70 to 74.9 percent.

4&10: Community College "regular 1" students, or those with high school (CAA) averages of 75 to 79.9 percent

5&11: Community College "regular 2" students, or those with high school (CAA) averages of 80

6&12: Community College students with out-of-state or otherwise unavailable high school averages.

3-Yr. B.A. STUDENTS

About one hundred day school students are to be invited into the program initially. Selection is to be generally representative rather than gauged toward the students with higher high school averages. Students (in cluding those from one of the regular college programs or those who transfer from another college) who, through prior educational and-or life experiences, clearly demonstrate ar ability to proceed into a more advanced position within the baccalaureate program are encouraged to do so. Through conference with the Coordinating Committee, such a student will determine the level of entry into the science. program. In the future the program technological areas of study. They should be extended into the Evening should evidence interest in the Division

ADMINISTRATION The administration charged with the competent functioning of the program members in salary, work load, and vacations against these things for consists of the Director of the Program, a Committee on a Baccalaureate Program, a Coordinator of Internships, a Coordinator of Off-Campus Experiences, a Coordinating Committee out a schedule of teaching in both the for each option with a Chairperson for each Committee, and student advisers. college program, without disad-After the program has begun, the vantages. Further, from time to time, Committee on a Baccalaureate people outside the academic com-Program will have ten members munity who have special expertise in consisting of the Chairperson of each an area important to the students' Coordinating Committee, and one education in a specific option may be faculty member and one student from each option, as well as the Director of the Program. The faculty and student faculty. members are to be chosen by simple majority of their constituencies. The Director of the Program will function as coordinator. The duties of the Committee are to establish the budget and oversee its functioning, to set policy, to coordinate the total program, to evaluate and review the program, to reshape the program as deemed appropriate, and to hear and act on any appeals from students or advisers. The duties of a Coordinating Committee are to review and approve student contracts when such contracts involve unusual elements or when an adviser requests such review and approval; to approve specific courses, internships, and off-campus experiences; to evaluate life experiences

offered for credit: to review a student's



of five to eight members, both faculty This course is for those who wish to and students. They are to be elected by meet the requirements for the State their respective constituencies. The Chairperson should be a faculty Real Estate Broker's and Salesman's License Examination. member of that option, chosen by the

Coordinating Committee members (except that the chairpersons will be estate practice including brokerage, appointed to get the program started). mortgage, financing, investments, management and valuation. The advisers, who are members of

Methods of obtaining prospects, filing the teaching faculty, will be assigned of listings, preparation of mortgage applications; sales or rental offerings; methods of advertising and business promotion; problems and techniques of negotiations; closing of sales, leases, seminars and courses later in the and other transaction.

Thursdays 7:00 p.m. to 8:15 p.m. Concentration and Synthesis to see that starting April 8. the contract continues to serve the

break for summer vacations.

REGISTRATION

engaged in conducting seminars and Register at Room B-30, SICC, from courses as need arises. All faculty members in the program may serve as 10:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. on Monday advisers for the thesis or project, and through Friday until April 5. Fee \$110.

ATTENTION JUNE GRADS

The following firms will be recruiting on campus in the Placement Office, C-2

Wednesday, March 27

Morgan Guaranty (Accounting, Secretarial, Business Management & Liberal Arts students

New York City Dept. of Personnel (All June graduates)

Monday, April 1 Bankers Trust (Accounting, Secretarial)

Thursday, April 4 W.T. Grant (Sales & Sales Management)

Part-time recruitment

Monday, April 1 United Parcel Service (will recruit for Brooklyn jobs)

Wednesday, April 3 (will recruit for Manhattan jobs) **PROGRAM OUTLINE**

readers. Stenotype I—First Semester—25 weeks A certain typing skill, however, would be helpful. In the tests given for the lower courts, for example, you must Fee \$185.00—Thursdays, 6:30-10:30 Care of stenotype machine and

transcribe your own notes to qualify; elementary theory applied to machine although you are given all the time you practice. All theory will be taught need to do so. Still, knowing how to type luring this semester with some is useful and sometimes necessary for practice given to short business letters. some of the jobs available to court Stenotype II—Second Semester—25

reporters. 4. A court reporter must also become a weeks Fee \$185.00-Thursdays, 6:30-10:30 notary public, as a court reporter is an Official of the Court in the New York

Emphasis will be on "Question and courts. Answer" practice including two and **Additional Costs**

three-voice testimony. The ultimate A new stenograph machine is \$170. These are available at SICC Book Store. goal of this semester is a speed of 120 words per minute. The latter part of the semester will be devoted to Jury Books required—one at the start of Charges and Medical Testimony. At the Semester I and one at the start Semester II. Cost \$5.45 each book. end of this semester the student will be able to work for an attorney as a legal Paper for your machine will be about 25 stenographer or for a large corporation cents-week.

taking minutes of board meetings. The Meeting student is not, however, ready to take There will be periodic meetings with verbatim testimony. Stenotype III—Third Semester—25

candidates for this program, in order to make the candidates aware of the difficulties of completing this program.



photo by Joe Rickard

Associate Dean of Faculty Abraham I. Habenstreit, left, holds checks totaling \$365 presented by three members of the S.I.C.C. Mathematics Department for a special scholarship fund for graduating students who have made outstanding contributions to the College's Open Admissions Program. The math teachers, left to right, are Ms. Helen Siner, Ms. Sherry Blackman and Prof. Leon Ablon.

The funds represent the royalties received to date by the three teachers from sales of their math textbook in the S.I.C.C. bookstore. The book, "SIMM: Series in Mathematics Modules," was published last year by the Cummings. Publishing Co. It has been adopted for use in introductory math courses by more than 50 colleges around the country.

Introduction to various phases of real p.m.

student advisees during Orientation. Advisers will be engaged in conducting at least one of the seminars or courses during Orientation, as well as other

program. A major part of their duties will be to help students develop viable Course will meet Mondays and contracts and to serve throughout

The course will run for 30 weeks. The class will decide for itself when it will student's needs and to help implement

all should be available during the

For appointments come to C-2

interested in business.)

Thursday, March 28